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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1901.
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	3rd Aug.
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* ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	17th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	E.H. Gordon	24th "
* PERSIA	8069	W. A. Wheler	31st "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	7th Sep.
* EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	14th "
M.L. PERSIA	8009	W. A. Wheler	21st "
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	28th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	5th Oct.
* PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	12th "
M.L. ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	19th "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	26th "

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A STEAMER	.....	...	in January 1902

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HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.			Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in			
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 12	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 12	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	43 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 8	67 14	51 13	43 7	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 13	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during life. This Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 33, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his of l age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance is specially recommended.

R. F. ALLUM, General Manager

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. "SILESIA," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and requested TO TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS, landed at the VICTORIA DOCK, No. 8.

The Undersigned's agent, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey damages, and all Claims in this respect must be preferred within 7 days after the discharge of the Cargo, or they will not be entertained. No Cargo can be cleared after the 7 days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

H. PETRANI,
Acting Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.
Bombay, 2nd August, 1901.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
EXPRESS TRAINS FOR POONA RACES ON 2ND AUGUST, 1901.

WITH reference to para 4 of the Notice, dated the 30th July, 1901, exhibited at Stations, Hotels, Clubs, etc., the public are informed that the RETURN TICKETS issued in connection with Poona Races by Express Train on the 3rd August, 1901, will be available as a Special Case up to 24 o'clock Midnight Monday, the 5th instant, instead of Sunday the 4th.

W. H. NICHOLSON,
for Ag. General Traffic Manager,
Bombay, the 2nd August, 1901.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.
INTEREST ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on DAILY BALANCES of CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 3 per cent. per annum.

By Order,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at the Club at 6 P.M. on WEDNESDAY, the 4th September, 1901.

A. M. FINLAY,
Secretary.
Bombay, 1st August, 1901.

NOW READY.
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
"Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy .....As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

NOTA BENE.
STOLBERGPATHIC TREATMENT
ESTABLISHED IN 1886
IS THE WONDER OF THE AGE,
AND THE SUCCESS OF THE CENTURY!

It works marvellous cures in Chronic and Obstinate complaints, that sufferers who are unable to obtain radical cures, are advised for their own sakes to try the renowned Stolbergpathic Treatment.

It being an acknowledged fact that the External Treatment brings out all the impurities of the system through the pores of the skin, it stands unparalleled and is a Puzzle to Millions! Sufferers will have no cause to regret their taking to it for cures are Positive.

Patients cured recommend it, its own merits assert themselves, and thus it is its Self-advertising Agent in the cause of Suffering Humanity.

The undersigned would draw special attention of those suffering from CHRONIC ASTHMA, EPILEPSY, ELEPHANTIASIS, LENCODERMA, LEPROSY, PARALYSIS, RHEUMATISM (with contraction of Joints) SCIATICA etc. to note that these complaints have been cured by his Special Treatment, thus their incurableness must now be recognized as a thing of the past. Chronic Complaints of the Liver, Pains, Fever, Cholera, Dysentry (chronic), etc. the undersigned in his Pamphlet affords full instructions for the use of his simple A, B, C, Ointment, Balsam, Syrup, and Elixir. No house should be without these famous medicines, as in times of emergency they are invaluable.

STOLBERGPATHIC TREATMENT, is the outcome and the perfection of MEDICAL SCIENCE, and labour.

NONE are such great Sufferers as those who will not apply for the Medicines and particulars to

Dr. C. STOLBERG,
Specialist,
BANGALORE.

NOTICE.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882
and
In the matter of the BOMBAY and CENTRAL INDIA MUTOSCOPE Co., LD. "and reduced."
THE BOMBAY and CENTRAL INDIA MUTOSCOPE Co., LD. "and reduced"..... Petitioners.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition has been presented to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay for confirming a Resolution of the above Company for reducing its capital from Rs. 2,25,000 to Rs. 1,12,500, A list of the persons admitted to have been creditors of the Company on the 28th day of July, 1901, may be inspected at the offices of the Company at No. 8 Marine Street, Fort, or at the office of Messrs. CRAWFORD, BROWN & Co. at No. 30, Esplanade Road, Fort, at any time during usual business hours on payment of the charge of Re 1.

Any person who claims to have been on the last-mentioned day and still to be a creditor of the Company and who is not entered on the said list and claims to be so entered, must on or before the 2nd day of September, 1901, send in his name and address and the particulars of his claim, and the name and address of his Attorney if any to the undersigned at their office or in default thereof, he will be precluded from objecting to the proposed reduction of capital.—Dated this 2nd day of August, 1901.

CRAWFORD, BROWN & CO.
Attorneys for the said Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS upon or against the estate of MANCHERJI FRAMJI LALY, late of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, deceased, who died at Bombay aforesaid on or about the 31st day of December, 1899, and Probate of whose Will was on the 31st day of July, 1900, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, to DR. RATANJI RUSTAMJI DADINA and Messrs. JEHANGIRJI MANCHERJI LALY and FRAMROZ MANCHERJI LALY, the executors named in the said Will having effect throughout the Bombay Presidency are hereby required to send in their claims to the undersigned Attorneys for the said executors, at their office at Abkari Buildings, Hornby Row, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Manecherji Framji Laly deceased to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which their said Attorneys shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased or having property belonging to him are required to pay the debts or hand over such property to the said Attorneys.—Dated this 2nd day of August, 1901.

BHAISHANKAR AND KANGA,
Attorneys for the Executors.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.
NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of August, 1901, for the CONSTRUCTION of a NIGHT SOIL DEPOT, at Arthur Road.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., may, on payment of Rs. 5, be obtained from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. Three Hundred to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount, will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
M. C. MURZBAN, F.R.I., B.A., M. INST. C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.
Executive Engineer's Office, Bombay, 2nd Aug., 1901.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 5, Green Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 10th August, 1901, at 1 P.M., to transact the following business:—

1ST.—To receive and adopt the Director's Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet, made up to 30th June 1901.
2ND.—To sanction the Declaration of a Dividend.
3RD.—To confirm the appointment made by the Board of Mr. Pursholam Jeewandas as an additional Director.
4TH.—To elect a Director in the place of the retiring one who is eligible for re-election.
5TH.—To appoint an Auditor, and to fix his remuneration, (for the current year.)

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 10th to 24th August, 1901, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
JEEWANDAS & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 25th July, 1901.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report,
Freight Report, &c.,
A Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week,
Imports and Exports of Bullion,
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1892 and 1899 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1892 and 1899, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange,
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week,
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance...Rs. 10.
Single Copy .....Annas 4.
Bombay Gazette Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

John Roberts & Co., Ltd.
HORNBY ROAD,

Having a Surplus Stock of TABLE LINEN, CUSHIONS, TABLE COVERS, &c., will during August, dispose of same at prices considerably below cost.

FORMS of POWER OF ATTORNEY. Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1, each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

POLO! POLO!! POLO!!! EROOM & Co., Calcutta, supply the whole POLO PLAYING world with their noted Pole Sticks and Balls: order from them only if reliable articles are wanted.

BIRTHDAY and WEDDING PRESENTS, Engagement, Signet and Fancy Gem Rings, Bracelets, Brooches, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Chains, Scarf Pins, Lockets, Links, Studs and all sorts of Jewellery always ready in stock. Inscriptions, Crests and Monogram engraved on Presentation Articles in best artistic style.—P. MEHTA and Co., 69 Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

READING and HAND GLASSES.—In best nickel frames. Lens 4in., Rs. 7-4 1-2 in., Rs. 3. Large supply of powerful pocket magnifiers always in stock.—MAROKS and Co., Ltd, Bombay and Poona.

"BAEL FRUIT PRESERVE," manufactured by THOMSON and TAYLOR, from fresh Selected Fruit. Invaluable for Diarrhœa. Per Jar Rs. 1-4, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

PERFECTION CLOTHING MARKER.—Any name or initials not exceeding 1½ inch with box, marking ink, &c., complete Rs. 1-12. Price list free.—BENDRE & Co., Poona City.

NEW SUITINGS ALL WOOL SUITS, Rs. 35, Excellent value. Thin Texture, [Serge] Suits, Rs. 35, New Tropical Wool Suits, Rs. 45. New Cashmere and Cheviot Suitings, Stout China Silk Suitings.—ASQUITH & LORD, LD., Opposite Clock Tower.

2,000 ELECTRIC INCANDESCENT LAMPS from 2 to 120 volts, and 2 to 100 c. p., sold from Annas 10 each or Rs. 50 per hundred and upwards. C. JOST and Co., Electricians, Hornby Row, Bombay.

SATISFIED IN ASSANSOL.—A Gentleman re-ordering our MONSOON BOOTS writes:—"Everyone that saw the Boots were quite taken up with them." Brown and Black Monsoon Boots, leather lined throughout, Rs. 4-10 and 5-12 per pair.—SUTORI & Co. Agents, The Western India Army Boot and Equipment Factory, Hornby Road (Opposite John Roberts & Co.,) Bombay.

OUR SALE being now OVER, we are clearing Remnant Stock, by job lots, seven useful articles for one rupee at SHROFF BROTHERS.

ON VIEW.—Mr. G. G. Craig's Valuable Furniture, English Fire proof Safe, Victoria, &c., at Balaxis Road, Byculla, next to Ludha Ebhram & Co., to be SOLD TO-MORROW.

LOANS.—ADVANCES made on approved security of all descriptions, Transactions strictly confidential, Terms moderate. Apply S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co., House and Financial Agents, 17 Bank Street, Fort.

RAIN—Most of our constituents are under the impression that good photographs cannot be taken on a wet or cloudy day. This is a mistake. Our STUDIO is specially adapted for producing best results during rainy or cloudy weather when the light is soft and most suitable for artistic work. Special Reduced Rates for outdoor photography such as Polo, Cricket, Football, Lawn Tennis, &c., &c. For particulars apply to the Manager, RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Photographers, Hornby Row, Bombay.

WHY spend money in vain for Monsoon BOOTS and SHOES, also grinding setting Razors, Knives, &c. Please try DANNEY & Co., Boot Makers, 20, Medows Street.

FOR SALE.—ORANG-OUTANG from the Malay Peninsula; for particulars, show and price at the residence of Mr. C. COLONNELLO, Nesbit Road, Mazagon.

WANTED, TWO SHORT-HAND and TYPEWRITING Native CLERKS one for Zanzibar and one for Mombassa. They must be thoroughly efficient in Short-hand and Typewriting. Apply with testimonials and particulars of qualification to MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co.

WANTED.—An EXPERIENCED L. M. & S. having a thorough knowledge of Native medicine and homeopathy. Salary Rs. 75 with an increment of Rs. 5 each year, rising to Rs. 100 on condition of good service. Applications with testimonials of good character should be forwarded to H. H. BHAVSINHJI, the Maharaja Sahib of Bhavnagar.

TO LET.—A ROOMY FLAT, Four Rooms with Bath-rooms, &c. Moderate Rent. In Eldon Road, opposite High Court. Apply "J. J." care of "Bombay Gazette."

VISITING CARDS, Door Plates, Peon Badges, Crests, &c., &c., engraved on Brass in the best English Style. Compare workmanship and price. MASANI & Co., General Engravers and Printers, 43, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

CLEARANCE of 24 Hand Gramophones, 360 Records for same, 22 American Whalebone Buggy Whips, and various Novelties at Half Price. Apply THE BOMBAY TRADING SYNDICATE, opposite Custom House.

THE "FIELD" Condition Powder for Horses, for Speed, Strength, Endurance, and a Splendid Glossy Coat. Rs. 2.—HALSE, SONS and Co., Byculla.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 31 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

NICKEL-PLATING, durable, of good Colour and Finish, promptly carried out by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co., 9 Medows Street, Bombay.

CARRIAGES AND HORSES of all Descriptions for HIRE and SALE. Apply E. C. PALLONJEE, No. 22, Adelphi Hotel, Byculla.

KHAKI OIL.—A marvellous radical cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, etc. A European patient says: "It gave me an entire relief in one single night." Re. 1. Of all Dealers in Medicines.

FRESH PREPARED CRUSHED HORSE FOOD unrivalled in the Bazaar for price and quality. Rs. 4-12 per cwt and 21 per candy. A trial order will prove its recommendation. Free delivery. Apply to GRAM and BARLEY STORES, Lower Colaba.

HORSE FOOD, Crushed Gram, Barley, Oats, and Fresh Bran Sold ready. A. THAVER & Co., Two Tanks Flour Mills, Grant Road, Bombay.

FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

THE NEW IMPROVED CELESTINA with 5 rolls, Re. 75, Phœnix with a Dozen tunes Rs. 60 to 120 and other Hand Organs. Rates and lists of tunes can be had from STEFFENAUER and Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy), as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest references given if required. Fee Re. 1 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices who work by assumed names.

E. DUCKETT and Co., of East Street, Poona, the Principal Monumental Sculptors of the Deccan, are prepared to submit estimates for Monuments and Mural tablets of all descriptions and designs. They forward splendid Photographic Catalogues to choose from, and being practical masons themselves, guarantee work to be executed in the best style. Monuments, ranging from Rs. 15 to Rs. 1,500 have been executed, satisfactorily. Their latest work, was the erection of a most imposing Figure to the late Hon. Mr. J. Nugent, C.S.I., I. C. S.—PRICES LOW AND WORK GOOD.

IT seems strange, but after all it is a matter of fact. Importers of other Makers Sewing Machines use SINGER'S for their own requirements. This speakes for itself, and is the best certificate.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, by DIMITRINO and Co, of Cairo, known for their exquisite flavour and fine aroma from Rs. 2-4 to 4-8 per 100. Fresh consignments by every alternate Mail Steamer, D. MERWAN & Co., Cigar Merchants, 30, Medows Street, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year including postage.

TO STAMP COLLECTORS.—OLD ENGLISH STAMPS of various kinds, either in a lot or separately. Fivepenny, Sixpenny, Eightpenny, Ninepenny, One shilling, Two shilling, and others. What offers? Apply "STAMPS," care of this paper.

DEVOE'S IMPERIAL BRILLIANT OIL, A fine grade of AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL, 125° Fire Test, imported by STANDARD OIL Co. of New York. Price Rs. 4-2 per case.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Masjun, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-6-3 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. G. Bhut, at Rs. 5-7-3 per case, at Bandora.

WE will SEND STAMPED PICTURE-POST-CARDS to any one who sends us gratis old Postage Stamps of any value for a CHILD'S HOSPITAL. Our best thanks in anticipation. DOCTOR EMILIE Von MAYERSBACH, PRESIDENT, VOLOSCA, ISTRIA, AUSTRIA.

CORN AND WART DESTROYER.—A safe, rapid and painless solvent for Corns and Warts. This is a chemical combination of Xyloidine and Salicylic Acid with extract of Indian Hemp, in bottles, Ans. 12 each. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

W. M. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An Indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East. Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Office and Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

TO LIBRARIES.—NOVELS of the latest Colonial Libraries' Series, slightly soiled, to be SOLD at 5 annas each. Apply "Q.," care of "Bombay Gazette."

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 82 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO,	Rheims.
VEUVE CLICQUOT.	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS.	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL.	Edinburgh.
DEUTZ & GELDERMANN.	Ay.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côte d'Or.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE.	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapesth
R. SCHLUMBERGER.	Vöslau.
JAMES CATCHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.
RUTHERFORD & BROWNE.	London.
JOHN JAMESON & SON.	Dublin.
WILLIAM & KEITH JOPP.	Aberdeen.
SOHNLEIN & Co.	Germany.
STEWART STEWART & Co.	London.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
COATES & Co.	Plymouth.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expense of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE.

WELL WORTH A TRIAL.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN
JOHN JAMESON
& SONS' (DUBLIN)
"OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE.
WHISKEY.

Please see you get it with
METAL CAPSULES { BLUE .....One Star.
PINK .....Two Stars.
GOLD.....Three Stars
OF ALL DEALERS
Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.
C. DAY & Co., LONDON.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
THE ORIGINAL MADON'S PHARMACY.

MESSRS. MADON, SONS & Co., Chemists, &c., respectfully beg to bring to the notice of their kind Patrons, Constituents and Public at large that they have REMOVED their place of business to No. 16 and 18 ABDOOL RHAIMAN STREET, near the Crawford Market, next to Mr. D. C. Oomrigar, Wine Merchant, and request that in future all communications to be made to the above address to avoid delay and inconvenience. Further it is requested, that as there are more than one firm by the NAME SIMILAR TO OURS, to address by the name as below, to avoid confusion and mistakes that are likely to arise. Please note all Prices are revised.

MADON, SONS & CO.,
Chemists, Druggists,
No. 16 & 18, ABDOOL RHAIMAN STREET,
BOMBAY.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!
FOR SALE AND HIRE.

MESSRS. AHMED DEWJI & BROTHERS, High Class Upholsterers, Furniture Manufacturers, Suppliers to NATIVE PRINCES and CHIEFS, have now the pleasure to inform their Constituents and the Public that they are occupying new and extensive Premises, Nos. 10 and 11, Old Ogli Street, Chukla Road. They make and always have for immediate delivery all kinds of artistic furniture to European style and taste for Dining, Drawing, Office, and Bed-rooms. Also a large and varied stock of Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Parquet Furniture, Bentwood Furniture, Tapestries and Dinner, Dessert, and Toilet Sets, &c., &c., of Standard Makers. Bungalows and Houses furnished on hire at short notice and moderate price.

Up-Country ORDERS and different Contracts undertaken INSPECTION and CORRESPONDENCE kindly solicited.

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(GERMAN EXPORT SHOW ROOMS)
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WHOEVER desires to BUY GOODS of reliable German origin should apply to the above mentioned firm where every kind of information regarding German industrial productions will be readily given. Permanent exposition of works of German manufacture and art.

Open from 9-5 p.m.

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VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES,
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CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles, under Personal Supervision.

	Rs.
Horses broken to single (Rs. 10), and double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra,	
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including Syce per mensem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold.....	17
Examination and Certificate.....	10
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CRUSHED HORSE FOOD, best in the markets Present Price Rs. 5-8 per CWT. Delivered Free.

Special Mixtures, CRUSHED OATS BRAN, etc., supplied.

THE ONLY AND BEST MEANS FOR DESTROYING HAIR on the Face, Hands, Arms, and neck is by using ALEX. ROSS'S DEPILATORY or HAIR-DESTROYER, Post Free, 4s., larger size cheaper in proportion.

It having stood the public test for nearly 40 years, natural ly speaks for its goodness. Use no other, as the dire ful results. May be had of all Chemists.

All should read my "PERSONAL APPEARANCE JOURNAL." Post free, from ALEX. ROSS, 61, Theobald's Road Holborn, London.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105 MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GORGONZOLA, PARMESAN AND GRUYERE CHEESE.
MILAN SAUSAGES IN SKIN AND MORTADELLA IN TINS.
FRANKFORT AND HARD SMOKED SAUSAGES IN TINS.
VIENNA SAUSAGES WITH SAUERKRAUT IN TINS.
ITALIAN MIXED FRUITS PRESERVE IN SYRUP AND MUSTARD IN 1lb. TINS.
URAL-CAVIAR, ANCHOVIES SALTED (LOOSE.)
BLACK OLIVES IN OIL (Loose). SAUERKRAUT IN GLASS JARS.
GERMAN, FRENCH AND ITALIAN ASPARAGUS.
CHARTREUSE YELLOW AND GREEN. KUMMEL.
BENEDICTINE, LITRE AND ½ LITRE FLASKS, MARASCHINO DE ZARA.
CORVO, CAPRI, MALAGA, BARBERA, AND CHIANTI WINES.
CREMES AND LIQUEURS, ASSORTED.
MACARONI, VERMICELLI, ITALIAN RICE, LENTILLES.
SPLIT PEAS, WALNUTS AND HAZELNUTS.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET, a thoroughly genuine articles Only Rs. 10 per Dozen Quarts.

Liqueur Exquisite Tonic Digestive and Efficacious **BENEDICTINE** Possessing most Powerfull Germ-killing Properties.

The BENEDICTINE liqueur is beneficial to health owing to its spirituous foundation being composed only of eau-de-vie (brandies) of the very purest quality.

Its principal characteristics may be summed up as follows:—

Distinctness of taste, richness of flavour and a delicious bouquet improving with age. Moreover, the fact has never been disputed, that when diluted with cold water, the liqueur is possessed of great antiapoplectic (*against apoplexy, sudden loss of sense and voluntary motions*), aperient (*slow purgative*), digestive and antispasmodic (*against convulsions qualities*. Refreshes and strengthens the nervous and tired brain marvellously and works as a perfect boon to invalids and a blessing combined with luxury to mankind.

Many celebrated doctors and literary men both in France and other countries have given the liqueur the brilliant testimony of their appreciation, as may be seen by the following letters:—

..... Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.
ALEXANDER DUMAS.

..... At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.
H. DE PENE.

..... We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liquor most efficacious for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.
TIMOTHEE TRIMM.

LIQUEUR BENEDICTINE.—Among the liqueurs invented or manufactured by the monks of France, the Benedictine from a hygienic point of view occupies the foremost rank. It is not only an exquisite and savory beverage for persons in good health, but in cases of illness or recovery it is equally beneficial. It may be used to advantage in all cases where Malaga, Madeira, Sherry, &c., are recommended.

The Benedictine is remarkable for its agreeable taste, and for its really salutary effects as a stomachic; and it is principally on that account that the liqueur should bear the motto *Meritur qui non utitur.*

Extract from the *Gazette Medicale*,

After meals we know of nothing more agreeable than a small glass or two of BENEDICTINE. It perfumes the breath, delights the palate, promotes digestion, and is a powerful aid to an inactive or overloaded stomach. During an epidemic, and for combating the evil effects of an impure atmosphere, its curative action is indisputable. At the beginning of last autumn we had occasion to appreciate the full value of this liqueur, and we are now happy to give it our highest praise.
DR. MALLET, M. D.

We place all our confidence in the hygienic properties of BENEDICTINE. Invalids and those who suffer from diseases of the respiratory organs, affections of the chests, headaches, congestion of brain, etc., and who cannot take other liqueurs, can safely make BENEDICTINE their favourite drink as finish to their meals.
Dr. ACHILLE PEQUEUR, M.D.

I consider your excellent liqueur invaluable o the old who so frequently suffer from indigestion and attacks of biliousness which often prove fatal. BENEDICTINE has long been well known to me, and it was with great readiness that I ordered our religious and my head resident doctor to administer it as a cordial according to your directions.
Dr. J. ROUX DE BRIGNOLLES,
Chief Physician & House Surgeon, Charitable Hospital of Marseilles.

TO BE HAD FROM ALL FIRST CLASS WINE DEALERS.

DR. DE ROOS'
COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS

The only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, kidney; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in Packets at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. by all the principal Merchants in India.

Consignees are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "JAMES DE ROOS, LONDON" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, and thus avoid worthless imitations.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitutions. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly invaluable. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and impotency.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; Weakness across the Loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally.—Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled.—13½d., and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' MEDICINES bears the Scottish Government Stamp, with the words "JAMES DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the *Medical Adviser*, by Dr. DE ROOS, containing 192 pages of information which every young man should possess, as the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy are fully explained. Sent post free on receipt of twelve penny stamps (English or Colonial), by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, Bedford Square, Bedford Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

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TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

MOIR'S
FRESH HERRINGS.
In 1lb. Round Flat Tins.
Manufacturers:
JOHN MOIR & SON, LIMITED,
LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.
Head Office:—9 and 10, Great Tower Street, London, E.C.

PURE MILK COMBINED WITH WHEAT AND BARLEY MALT.
Full Nourishment, partly predigested. Sterilized.
Horlick's Malted Milk
THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS IN ALL CLIMATES.
IN POWDER FORM.
KEEPS INDEFINITELY.
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.
OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER.
Hunyadi János
For LIVER COMPLAINTS, OBESITY, &c.
THE "VIENNA MEDICAL PRESS" says:—
"Hunyadi János may be regarded as a specific for obesity."
AVERAGE DOSE.—*A wineglassful before breakfast, either pure or diluted with a similar quantity of hot or cold water.*
CAUTION.—Refuse the name "Hunyadi János," the signature of the Proprietor, ANDREAS SAXLEHNER, and the Medallion, on the Red Centre Part of the Label.

BANKS.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.
CAPITAL.
Subscribed ..... Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund..... „ 12,00,000
Uncalled Capital..... „ 5,00,000
DIRECTORS.
Mr. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
„ R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
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„ D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent per annum allowed on the daily balance.
FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest:—

	Per cent.
For 2 Years	5½ Per Annum
„ 1 Year	5 „
„ 6 Months	4½ „
„ 8 Months	4 „

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture

INSURANCES.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED IN INDIA IN 1834.

NEW and LARGELY REDUCED PREMIUMS.

WHOLE LIFE and ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES effected on EUROPEAN and selected NATIVE LIVES.

For Rates and Prospectus apply to

KING KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
BOMBAY.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,900,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
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N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

THE

BOMBAY FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

A LOCAL COMPANY with FUNDS INVESTED in INDIA and entire MANAGEMENT in INDIA.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...Rs. 25,00,000.

This Company is prepared to issue POLICIES of FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE on the MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS.

C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
10, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay

L'UNION FIRE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED, OF PARIS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

Capital Reserve and Guarantee,
Francs 103,000,000 or over £4,000,000.

WE, the Undersigned, have been APPOINTED CHIEF REPRESENTATIVES of L'Union Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., of Paris, and are now prepared to Transact Fire Insurance Business at Current Rates.

TATA & SONS,
Chief Representatives for Bombay.
Messrs. ZIFFO & CO.,
Chief Representatives for Calcutta.

NO MORE ICE!

A BOON TO MANKIND!!

THE SIMPLEX Water Coolers will cool water or any liquid to a freezing point at a very small cost in two minutes; 2,000 sold last year. Cheap, simple, durable. Can be managed by a child. Indispensable in districts where ice is not easily obtainable. German Silver Water Coolers, Rs. 5-8; Zinc made, Rs. 3-4 each, including packing and postage. To be had only from Sole Agents.

GENERAL TRADING CO.,
166-68, Harrison Road, Calcutta.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals of Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Robert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found invaluable, affording prompt and permanent relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been too much the fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and see that the Government Stamp, on which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

A BOON TO MEN.

A DESCRIPTIVE TREATISE ON THE MODERN AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY IN MEN including Premature Exhaustion and Loss of Vital Energy, with other allied affections, by local absorption. Revised and in progress, with the most advanced researches in the subject. Sent, in a plain sealed envelope, free of charge —S. NORTON, 39 and 40, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON ENGLAND Established 20 Years.

THE FINEST TONIC

PER BRAVAIS BR.AVAIS' IRON in 20 concentrated drops.

PER BRAVAIS for weak and debilitated children.

most effective in restoring the vitality of the blood, and enabling the constitution to resist climatic influences

Invaluable in all cases of anæmia and general debility.

Highly recommended

LANCET.—"A beautiful and interesting preparation."
BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.—"It has all the good effects of iron without producing constipation or disturbing the digestion, and it does not blacken the teeth."

SOLD by CHEMISTS ALL THE WORLD OVER.
WHOLESALE: PARIS, 130, Rue Lafayette.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS

EPPS'S COCOA

Made from finest selected Cocoa with natural flavour in act.

DISTINGUISHED EVERYWHERE FOR ITS SUPERIOR QUALITY, DELICACY OF FLAVOUR AND HIGHLY NUTRITIVE PROPERTIES

OUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT.

IN QUARTER-POUND TINS ONLY

Prepared by JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd.,
Homeopathic Chemists, London,
England.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, AUG. 1.

2½ per cent. Consols ..... £ 93 7-16 = 1-16
3 per cent. Rentes ..... £ 101 1-4 = +1-4
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan ..... 2108 = +1-2
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities.... £ 63 7-8 = unchanged
Bar Silver in London ..... 26 15/16 = ,,
,, New York ..... 58 5-8 = ,,
Exchange on London at Paris. 25-19 1-2 = ,,
,, New York ..... 4 87 3-4 = ,,
Discount, Bank of England...3 per cent = ,,
,, Short London Bills ...2 5-8 = ,,
,, Indian Bank Bills ...3 1-4 = ,,

Liverpol Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet. Manchester was quiet. Total Sales 8,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for exports 500 bales. Surats nil. Imports 4,000 bales. Spot 4 12-32—1-32 Arrivals closed quiet but steady.

In New York—		
Receipts at the Port	3,000	bales.
Do. last year.....	1,490	,,
Exports to Great Britain	nil	,,
,, Continent	4,000	,,
Mid. Uplands.....	8 1 16	
Futures, month of Sept.	7 25 plus 6	
Do. Do. Dec.	7 37 plus 7	

Rapeseed Brown 39 3-4 August September Hamburg sellers, tone quiet but steady.

Linseed—58 3-8 August-September, Antwerp sellers tone dull.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday, shows the following results :—

Total Bullion.....	Mutilated.	
Public Deposits ...	£ 8,400,000	Dec. £1,400,000
Other do. ...	£44 100,000	Inc. £4,500,000
Other Securities ...	£20,100,000	,, £3,500,000
Notes and Gold.....	£24,300,000	Dec £100,000

The Bank's Reserve is 46 per cent. of the Liabilities.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Thursday, the 1st August:—

Cotton	382 bales.
Wheat	319 cwts.
Linseed	2,402 ,,
Rapeseed	3,573 ,,
Gingellyseed	75 ,,
Poppyseed	409 ,,
Groundnuts	48 ,,
Castorseed	2,072 ,,
Bleo	315 ,,
Myrabollams	103 ,,

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, AUG. 2.

All reports from the growing districts continue to be very satisfactory, and the special feature of the rainfall during the past week has been the heavy showers received where rain was most needed. Kathiawar and the Dhollera districts have had sufficient rain to enable agricultural operations to get a good start, Ahmedabad has had good rains, and the Punjab and North-West Provinces have also had some heavy downpours. The reports from Broach are good, and the Berars, Khandeish, and Central Provinces all send reports of thriving crops.

There has been no change in the money markets, which remain with heavy surplus supplies in the Presidency towns. Exchange has taken an upward turn, and the e has been a good demand for Council Bills, all available supplies at 1s. 3 29-32d, having been taken up. The steadiness is reported to be due to selling orders from the Farther East, but in Calcutta we hear there have been more bills offered for near forward delivery, possibly due to the reported settlement of the dispute in the jute trade and the nearer approach of the shipping season in that port. It is not in any way due to any increase in the volume of shipments to Europe from Bombay, as business generally is as dead here as it usually is at this time of the year, and forward business has scarcely commenced yet. The Government Paper settlement passed off on Wednesday, the 31st July. There was a shortage of paper which enabled the bulls to carry the rate up to 96 3-4, while the difference between cash and the forward settlement widened to 5-16th. The settlement was made by "budlies" and loans, and also by cash sales at the highest point touched. The market has since eased off a little, but some heavy purchases were made outright on the settlement day for the 30th August delivery, and the tone is firm. The new loan of one crore of rupees to be placed on the 15th instant it is generally expected will be taken up by Native States and other large investors, and it is not anticipated that such a small loan will have any depressing effect under the circumstances. With the good rainfall the whole country has experienced, and the excellent prospects in view for the coming season, a return to the low rates for rupee paper lately ruling is not expected. The Cotton market has remained steady during the week under review, and some large purchases are reported daily by the local mills. The Yarn market is steady, and it is stated that some of the mills have sold freely their productions for several months ahead. The demand has been chiefly for low counts, the average rate for 10s. being 5-8 to 4 3-4 annas. The Seed markets were very steady in the early part of the week, and with small stocks and a good enquiry from shippers, prices were forced up, but latterly the demand has fallen off, and we close at about last mail's quotations, with few buyers. Freights have been weak and rates have declined, the sellers having been more in evidence than buyers.

EXCHANGE.

This market has been steadier since last mail. On Monday, Bank T. T. was available at 1s. 3 7-8d. and Demand at 1s. 3 29-32d. with very little enquiry at the rates. On Tuesday, we heard of extra allotments of Council Bills, 7 1-2 lakhs at 1s. 3 29-32d., and a firmer tone was apparent. Bank T. T. was offered a 1s. 3 29-33d. for the mail and at 1s. 3 15-16d. for the last week in August. On Wednesday, a further 12 1-2 lakhs of Council Bills were reported as having been allotted at 1s. 3 29-32d, and T. T. at 1s. 3 15-16d. was done for nearer delivery than on the previous day. On Thursday the market eased off a little, and T. T. at 1s. 3 29-32d. was not available for cash. To-day the market is unchanged at yesterday's rates. Calcutta opened at 1s. 3 29-32d. T. T. and 1s. 3 15-16d. Demand, but these quotations are not available at the close. Bank Demand was sold to a moderate extent on Wednesday at 1s. 3 15-16d. for the Mail of 17th instant, and to a small extent for the Mail of 10th instant, for which there was a good inquiry. In Mercantile Paper some £30,000 of 3 months' sight credits were placed early in the week at 1s. 4 1-16d., but from Wednesday 1s. 4 3-32d. has been the best quotation, at which no Bills have come out. Forward rates have been very steady, but business reported has been on a moderate scale. The general quotation for Bank T. T., November to February delivery, has been 1s. 3 31-32d. with no enquiry, and a small business was placed at 1s. 4d. for December-January. Three months' sight credits are quoted 1s. 4 3-32d. August; 1s. 4 1-8d. September; 1s. 4 5-32d. October-November, and 1s. 4 3-16d. December forward. Closing rates for ready delivery are as follows, the tone of the market being easier :—

Bank T. T.	1s. 3 7 8d.
4 Do. Demand	1s. 3 29-32d.
3 months' sight credits	1s. 4 3-32d.
Do ,, France	109
30 days' sight Hongkong	144
Do. Shanghai	193
Do. Japan	149

The Mail of 19th July, due in Bombay to-morrow, brings to Bombay Silver £140,000 and Gold £10,000, and Council Bills to Madras Rs. 10,000. The Mail of 26th July, due in Bombay about the 9th proximo, brings to Bombay Silver £110,000 and Gold £10,000, and Council Bills to Calcutta Rs. 20,00. The mail of 2nd August, due in Bombay about the 16th instant, brings silver to Bombay £50,000 and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	20·40 lakhs.	= 30·40 lakhs.
Bombay	6·10 ,,	
Madras	3·20 ,,	

MONEY.

There is nothing to report in this market. The trade demand is again down, and there is no change in the Presidency Bank rates of interest, which have remained at 3 per cent. per annum since the 18th July. The Bank of Bombay weekly statement showed a decline in the trade demand of Rs. 18 1-4 lakhs, with a decrease of 3·4 lakh in account of credits undrawn and a decrease of 19 lakhs on credits and loan on securities and bills discounted. The cash balance was 23 lakhs up. The Bank of Bengal statement shows a falling off in trade demand of 11 lakhs. The cash balance at Calcutta was down 15 1-2 lakhs and at the branches was up 22 lakhs, showing a net increase of 6 1-2 lakhs. The Government balance was down 12 lakhs and Banks investments down 1 lakh.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Rupee paper has been firm during the week under report. On Monday the market opened steady at 96 1-8 per cent. for .Wednesday's settlement, and during the course of the day it improved to 96 7-16 per cent., the rate for 30th August delivery being 96 1-4 per cent. On Tuesday the market gradually improved to 96 5-8 and 96 7-16 per cent. Wednesday, the settlement day, the market opened at 96 3-4 per cent. and 96 1-2 per cent. but on account of some big sales from one party, the market declined to 96 5-8 per cent. for cash. The new settlement rate on Thursday was 96 3-8 per cent. at which it was quiet for the whole day with very little business passing. To-day the market opened at 96 3-8 per cent. and as the bears came out to cover their sales the market advanced to 96 7-8 per cent., and in the evening again declined to 96 13-16. A large amount of business is reported to have been done to-day. Ready Paper in large amounts is 3 annas higher than the settlement, and small clean pieces are about four annas higher.

Bombay Municipal and Port Trust Bonds are just the same as they were last week. Port Trust Guaranteed and Unguaranteed are in demand at par.

Share market is steady. Bank of Bombay shares have changed hands at 1,252 1-2 x, d., and are steady at the rate. Commercials are quiet at 52.

In Mill shares Centrals are steady at 1,580; Chinas Currimbhai, quiet at 430 and 570. Davids have changed hands at 237 1-2 and Colabs Land and Mill shares at 350. Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co's Mill shares are all quiet at previous quotations. Manekji Petits have improved to 1,715 x.d., and are steady at the rate. Swadeshis are quoted 535. In Railway companies, Ahmedabad-Prantej are weak at 630 and Tapis at 435 to 437 1-2. Press shares are steady, and Mofussils, Berars, Volkarts, Indians have improved to 435, 550, 1,060 and 155, respectively. In miscellaneous companies, Badhams are quiet at 142. Bombay-Barmah at 6,800, and quarter shares at 1,753.

BULLION.

The silver market continues steady, but not many transactions are reported to have been put through since last mail. The up-country demand is still good. A small business has been done in gold, and rates are steady. We quote :—

English bar silver, ex-duty, Rs. 63-2 Ready and forward.
English bar gold,..... Rs. 24-3-6 Ready.
Mint gold ... ,, 23-14-6.

COALS.

Market has steadied slightly during the week. Resales are reported of Desherar at Rs. 14-6 and a sale of a small quantity of Heilger's Anthracite for shipment September to December at Rs 14.

PIECE GOODS.

A very slight improvement is to be noticed in the piece goods market. There is a little movement in Greys, while Karachi has been buying local mills' cloth. Delhi and Cawnpore buyers are out of the market but as the crop prospects are favourable, we expect a good movement after Cocoanut Holiday falling at the end of the month.

GRAY GOODS.—The demand for heavy goods still continues, but there is no change to note in prices which are steady. Manufacturers being full of order do not give way, and future business is greatlys hampered.

WHITES.—With the exception of low goods, which are cleared in small quantites, there is hardly anything doing in Whites. As the monsoon all over the country is good, there is every hope of a better market for white goods later on.

YARNS.—This market is firm, but after the large sales of last week lower prices are offerd by China buyers, which mills refuse to accept. Business is therefore restricted.

METALS.

The market remains quiet, with but little inquiry from up country. Nothing has been done in copper, while in Yellow Metal some 200 bundles have changed hands at £60 10s. to £61. In iron there is little doing. A small business is reported in bar iron on the basis of £6 7s. 6d. ex-Bunder for September shipment onwards. As good rains have fallen in Gujerat and Kathiawar, which are the principal centres for iron, a better demand is anticipated shortly.

FREIGHT.

This has been a very dull market throughout the week, the fixing of two French steamers for the northern ports of France at 13s. 3d., being followed by a general withdrawal of shippers' offers and a decline of fully 1s. off prices paid last week. For August shipment the rate is 13s. to 13s. 6d. for picked ports, the exception being Hamburg, for which a line was booked at 14s. For September shipment the rate is 14s. to 13s. 6d. at which business is reported for Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp, &c. For next season the market is steady, and business is reported to have been booked to some extent at 15s. October, 15s. 6d. November-December, and 16s. January-February for open ports. The Liners are not selling beyond September, for which month the quotations are as follows:—

Austrian Lloyds 10s. seeds 17s. cotton:
Rubattino Co. 14s. seeds 15s cotton.
Hansa line 15s. 3d.
,, and O. Coy. 14-6 seeds
Anchor Line 14-6 seeds

SEEDS.

The market was steady in the early part of the week, and a fair business was reported. But the demand has since fallen off, and at the close any advance in prices which took place has been lost.

Linseed.—After touching Rs. 10-8 has declined to Rs. 10-5, and closes quiet.

Rapeseed advanced to Rs. 6-14 early in the week, and closes quiet at Rs. 6-11 to Rs. 6-13 for Brown Cawnpore and Delhi.

Poppyseed has been steady at Rs. 8-13 to Rs. 8-14 and closes with some demand at Rs. 8-13-6.

Castorseed has been quiet but steady at Rs. 33-3-4 with little enquiry.

Wheat.—The speculation demand continues, and prices are maintained. The quotation is Rs. 4-12-9 for September suttas and Rs. 4-13 for April-May 1902.

NEW CROPS.—There have been some further purchases of Gingelly seed 15 per cent. at Rs. 42-12-9 for 15th January. The quotation for Linseed Bold, April-May, is Rs. 8-13 and for Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore Rs. 6-11 but the inquiry for these seeds for forward delivery is very limited.

COTTON.

There has been a very good inquiry for Cotton since last mail, and the tone of the market is distinctly firm. We hear of large purchases of high class, that considerable damage has been done to the crop in Chins by rain, and the superfine cotton which come into stock in Bombay early in the season is being taken up for that country at very full prices. Japan has also been in the market, and the local Mills, having sold yarns forward to some extent, have been making some heavy purchases. The very high prices paid for the finer qualities has drawn attention to the lower classes, and there has been a good off take of these descriptions during the week by the mills. Europe shippers are quite out of the market, except to cover an occasional sale made earlier in the season, but no new orders are coming in. The more satisfactory state of the mill industry in Bombay after its long period of depression is a matter of sincere congratulation to all concerned.

All reports of the new crops are excellent, and provided light rains last through the present month, we may look for a full sixteen-anna crop through the coming season. There is scarcely anything doing in the Sutta markets. Prices have declined slightly during the week, and the following are the closing quotations :—

Bengals, fully good ...Rs. 166 15-25 Jan. 1902
Khandesh do. ,, 170 ,, do.
Broach M. G. good ,, 224 15-25 March 190

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Receipts for the week.....	4,267
Receipts from 1st Oct to 31st July ...	18,96,300
Shipments for the week, to Europe.....	5,563
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports...	25,996
Total.....	31,523

Total shipments from 1st October to 31st July :—

	Bales.
Europe	5,93,367
Japan	3,10,111
China.....	40,697
Coast Ports	21,945
Total.....	9,65,920
Afloat in Harbour for Europe	2,399
China, Japan and Coast Ports	25,752

Week's arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds.—

	Bales.
Cotton	3,468
Wheat	27,044 cwts.
Linseed	21,336 ,,
Rapeseed	64,616 ,,
Gingellyseed	858 ,,
Poppyseed	10,365 ,,
Groundnuts	115 ,,
Castorseed	10,801 ,,
Rice	1,83,632 ,,
Myrabollams.....	1,359 ,,

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of Therapion, particulars of which will be found in another column. This preparation is unquestionably one of the most genuine and reliable Patent Medicines ever introduced, and has, we understand, been used in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, Maisonneuve, the well-known Chassaignac, and indeed by all those who are regarded as authorities in such matters, including the celebrated Lallemand and Roux by whom it was some time since uniformly adopted, and that it is worthy the attention of those who require such a remedy we think there is no doubt. From the time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the removal of these diseases has (like the famed philosopher's stone) been the object of search of some hopeful, generous minds; and far beyond the mere power—if such could ever have been discovered—of transmuting the baser metals into gold is surely the discovery of a remedy so potent as to replenish the failing energies of the confirmed rake in the one case, and in the other so effectually, speedily and safely to expel from the system without the aid, or even the knowledge, of a doctor, the poisons of acquired or inherited disease in all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is The New French Remedy Therapion, which may certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which no little ostentation and noise have been made, and the extensive and ever increasing demand that has been created for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all quack and questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. Therapion may be obtained in England, direct from the proprietor, and of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the Colonies, India, China, Japan, &c., the many agents for same, including the well-known firm of Lennon, Ltd., (all branches in South Africa); Treacher & Co., Ltd., Bombay, Byculla and Poona; Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Calcutta; A. S. Watson and Co.; Ltd., Hong Kong, China and Manila; Elliot Bros. Ltd., Sydney and Brisbane; Rocke, Tompsitt and Co. and Fulton, Grimwade and Co., Melbourne; Lyman, Sons and Co., and Evans and Sons, Ltd., Montreal and Toronto; and numerous others, not even excluding such remote districts as Central Africa, the Fiji Islands, St Helena, &c., &c.—"Diamond Fields Advertiser," Kimberley.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 38m. Sun sets, 6h. 34m. High water, 0-41m. 1-49a. Low water, 6-32p.m. 7-42a.

P. and O. s. s. Peninsular, with English Mails of 19th instant, due to arrive at 6 a.m.

Presentation of address to Mr. Burjorjee Framjee, late Deputy Head Cashier, B. B. and C. I. Railway offices, 3 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h. 38m. Sun sets, 6h. 33m. High water, 1-27m., 1-47a. Low water, 7-9m., 7-30a.

BHOWNAGAR NEWS.—Since writing to you last, writes our correspondent, rain is falling in Bhownagar in copious showers at intervals. The total rainfall is 11 inches and a few cents. This rain is fairly distributed in Gohilvad. Last evening, rain descended in fine torrents in Bhownagar. The anxiety of the people is now removed.

W. C. T. UNION, BOMBAY.—A gathering of the members and friends of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held in the new Y. W. C. A. Hall at 5-30 p.m. this evening. Among the speakers on this occasion will be Bishop Warne, the Rev. B. Henderson, and the Rev. W. H. Stephens. The meeting is open to the public.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon per extra s. s. Sfiesia will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 a. m. to-day.—Mails for Lamu, Mombassa, Ibo, Mozambique, Zanzibar, Mozambique Beira, Mauritius, Seychelles via Mauritius and all Madagascar ports per s. s. Safari will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p. m. on Monday the 5th instant.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. T. J. Strangman, acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Ganoo Jeejee, Arjun Abaji, Vishnu Shadoovji and Hari Bhikaji stood charged with maliciously defaming Ramchandra Baboji, the complainant. From the evidence, it appeared, that all the four accused belonged to different sections of the community from the complainant, and that he was served by them with a notice on the 16th April last, which stated that he was seen by four police sepoys on the 6th April, in the shop of one Narayen Ganoji More, at Dobee Galee, drinking "tody" with a Mahar woman. The complainant said that the allegations were incorrect, and in consequence of them several persons had refused to give him a ("pan") wager. The further hearing was adjourned.

THE CHARGE AGAINST A BORAH.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Cursandas Chhabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the police issued at the instance of Inspector Walker of the Bombay Police against a Borah merchant, named Abdool Ali Ahmedji to show cause why summons should not be issued against him on a charge of having in his possession eight brass axle-boxes bearing the B. B. and C. I. Railway mark. The magistrate said the evidence of Mr. Miller showed that the axle-boxes were reasonably suspected to be stolen property. He (Mr. Miller) positively said that such boxes were neither sold by public auction nor by private sale. The explanation given by the accused was that there was nothing to prevent such pieces finding their way into the scrap heap, and being sold with the scrap owing to carelessness on the part of the yard-foreman. But this did not prove that the axle-boxes found part of the brass scrap that he purchased on the 10th of August 1899 from the B. B. and C. I. Railway. The explanation given by the accused being not sufficiently convincing the summons was ordered to be issued.

THREE MONTHS FOR MISBEHAVIOUR.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday afternoon, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which one Gulloo alias Khetoo Rattonsey a Bhatia, stood charged with misbehaving with Parwati wife of one Mohunji Vassonji and with inticing away a married woman. The evidence showed that about six months ago while complainant Mohunji was residing in a chawl at Grain Bunder, an undue intimacy sprang up between his wife Parwati and the accused, who was a next door neighbour. When the husband came to know that his wife had been paying frequent visits to Gulloo, he informed the landlord and had him turned out of the house. Next day Parwati left her husband and went to reside with Gulloo. Subsequently Gulloo and Parwati left Bombay and were seen again only about a month ago, when they were found in a room at Dongree. The matter was then brought to the notice of the caste, and the woman in question excommunicated. The Magistrate convicted Gulloo on the charge of misbehaviour under section 497 and sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

DEATH OF THE RANA BEGUM SAHEBA ZOOLFAKAR ALIKHAN.

AN Ahmedabad correspondent writes :—The friends and well-wishers of Meer Zoolfakar Alikhan, son of the late Nawab Meer Jafar Alikhan Bahadur of Surat, will learn with deep regret of the untimely death of his wife, the Rana Begum Saheba, which sad event took place at her deceased father's residence, Kalupur, Ahmedabad at 8 a. m. on the 28th July, which corresponds with the 11th Rabi-ul-Akhan in the Mahomedans, considered a religious day by the Mahomedans.

Through the kind permission of the Commissioner, the Honorable Mr. F. S. P. Lely, I.C.S., C.S.I., who is a great friend of the Mussulman Community, especially of the Surat aristocracy and as well as that of the Collectors, Messrs. E. Alsconocbie I.C.S., and F. Pratt, I. C. S., the remains of the Begum Saheba were removed in the Rani Shah Wahid-ud-Din, within the city walls the same evening, she being a descendant of the late Shah Wajhi-ud-din, who is held in high veneration by the Mahomedans.

I regret to say that the Begum Saheba's illness was of a lingering, painful nature, extending over a period of nine months, during which every endeavour to procure the best medical attendances and aid was not spared, but, dispite all this she succumbed. The funeral procession was largely attended by the most respectable Mahomedan gentlemen of Ahmedabad, the chief mourner being the Begum Saheba's husband, his mother, her three sons and her brother, and the procession was solemn and impressive. Every arrangement was made to avoid inconvenience to the funeral obsequies being carried out with all the rites and decorum of the Mahomedan faith.

In conclusion I would wish to add, for the information of your numerous readers that many of the Begum Saheba's relations from out-station have come into Ahmedabad to condole with her husband and sons in their sad bereavement for the irreparable loss sustained by her untimely death. Telegrams and letters to a large circle of friends in the surrounding districts also continue to pour in from every quarter, sympathising for the Begum Saheba's loss, and consoling heartfelt condolence.

The Begum Saheba was a daughter of the late Khan Bahadur Syed Abdool Kadir, well known by the favourite name of Saba-meaba, a highly respectable man, and held in much esteem by all, an ornament of his religion and a loyal subject of the British Government. The Begum Saheba herself was a loving wife, a tender mother, a charitable lady, and a sympathiser towards the afflicted and poor, hence her loss has been doubly felt by all, and has occasioned a shock.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.

The Honorary Treasurer of the Bombay Scottish Orphanage Society has much pleasure in acknowledging the following subscriptions received from 1st January to 31st July 1901 :—

Messrs. S. Abercrombie, Rs. 10, R. Aitken, Rs. 10 James Begbie, Rs. 50, Messrs. Boult Brothers and Co., Rs. 50, J. C. G. Bowen, Rs. 33, W. H. Brady, Rs. 15, W. J. Brooke, Rs. 15, W. A. Chambers, Rs. 5, A. Crawford Archibald, Rs. 10, W. H. Crombie, Rs. 10, W. E. Cram, Rs. 15, R. A. Dan, Rs. 10, D. Duncan, Rs. 10, R. W. L. Dunlop, Rs. 10, C. H. B. Forbes, Rs. 15 L. G. Fraser, Rs. 10, H. Gannon, Rs. 10, D. Gowling, Rs. 40, D. N. Graham, Rs. 50, W. D. Graham, Rs. 20, H. B. Greaves, Rs. 10, The Hon. Mr. W. Greaves, Rs. 50, Wm. Turner Green, Rs. 10, Greig, Rs. 10, F. E. Hardcastle, Rs. 10, H. Heberlin, Rs. 10, E. H. Higgs, Rs. 10, R. H. Ireland, Rs. 50, F. Jaehl, Rs. 10, Wm. A. Keith, Rs. 10, T. Kinaki, Rs. 5, D. Lindsay, Rs. 15, Caledonia Lodge, Rs. 50, Concord Lodge, Rs. 50, Scots Lodge Rs. 100, J. B. C. K. Macbeth, Rs. 15, G. Marshall, Rs. 10, Y. Matsuo, Rs. 5, J. A. McBain, Rs. 15, J. McGlashan, Rs. 15, J. H. B. McMeeken Rs. 10, R. G. W. Melkli, Rs. 10, Otto Meyer, Rs. 10, Even J. Miller, Rs. 20 J. Morris, Rs. 10, S. Morrison Rs. 10, A. C. Owen Rs. 5, F. N. Paton, Rs. 15, W. N. Petrie, Rs. 25 M. Reid, Rs. 25, W. H. Reid, Rs. 15, John Rickmond, Rs. 5, F. J. Rome, Rs. 25, P. A. Selfe, Rs. 10, Arthur Scott, Rs. 10, J. Seymngeour, Rs. 15, George Service Rs. 20, T. Sharples, Rs. 10, W. F. Skene, Rs. 15, E. M. Slater, Rs. 15, S. Storey, Rs. 10, F. D. Strapsor, Rs. 10, J. Sutherland, Rs. 5, The Hon. Thesiger, Rs. 10, W. B. Thomson, Rs. 15, A. M. Tod, Rs. 10, B. Triggs, Rs. 10, T. J. Ward, Rs. 10, G. M. Wilson, Rs. 10, Thomas, Wilson, (London,) Rs. 10, P. L. Wright, Rs. 25.

MONTHLY SUBSCRIBERS.

Messrs. E. H. Aitkin, Rs. 70, C. A. Anding, Rs. 14 James P. Cabrejas, Rs. 15, R. G. Carrie, Rs. 30, F. C. Cimayne, Rs. 15, H. George, Rs. 8, Rev. J. Henderson, Rs. 35, Major C. R. Hoskyn, Rs. 30, D. K. Love, Rs. 25, Alex. Mackenzie, Rs. 120, George Mackenzie, Rs. 30, H. E. S. Proctor, Rs. 30, R. Robertson, Rs. 14, A. Schneider, Rs. 8, G. Silver, Rs. 20, J. H. Symington, Rs. 30—490; total Rs. 1,760.

J. REMINGTON, Honorary Treasurer.
Bombay, 1st August 1901.

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindhia-Neemuch, Rewari-Bhatinda Fazilka and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.)

Approximate return of traffic for week ended July 1901, on 1644·39 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic (receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the Week	1,53,000	1,30,000	7,000	5,83,000
Or per mile of Railway	94	236	4	354
For previous weeks of half-year	...	...	...	...
Total for 1 weeks ...	1,53,000	1,30,000	7,000	5,83,000
Comparison.				
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	1,17,391	4,75,016	6,238	5 98,34
Proportion of KY due ...	80	220	4	353
Total to correspond the date ...	1,07,057	4,75,016	5,238	5,88,311

* Includes Rs. 25,000 for Haulage of Malls.
Deficit for the week ..... Rs. 6,341
Do. to date ..... ,, 6,341

AN APPEAL BY GOVERNMENT DISMISSED.

At the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, Mr. Justice Candy and Mr. Justice Fulton heard on Thursday, an appeal by the Government of Bombay in the case of Imperator against Narayen Parsobnum, against an order of acquittal passed by Mr. H. F. Carvalho, first class magistrate at Poona, on the 22nd February last. The accused was charged before Mr. Carvalho with theft in a dwelling but was acquitted by him.

This was rather an extraordinary case. From the evidence it appeared that, on the 7th February last, about 4 p.m., while the brother-in-law of the complainant was seated in front of the house, he thought somebody had entered, and immediately after he heard the door being bolted from inside. He sent one of his neighbours to the Collectors's office in the Civil Lines to call the complainant, who was employed in that office. On complainant's arrival, he found the door of his house closed from inside, and failing to get it opened, he sent information to the police. On the arrived of the police, the door was still closed and they also failed to get it opened. They then got through the adjoining house and over the dividing wall into the compound of complainant's house. They took the back door off its hinge and ascended the stair case. The door on the top was also closed, and this was also opened in the same manner. The accused was then found in the front room. He was searched by the police in the presence of a "panch," and a pair of ear-r

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on such Accounts on 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Current Rules of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received
twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.
REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.
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Goods of every description from English and other continental Markets, also from America, such as Concert Phonographs, Electric Motor Fans, &c., supplied on commission at cheapest possible rates through our special Agents. To up-country constituents goods from the above as well as Bombay Markets supplied on commission.
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OUR SPECIAL STOVE
Enamel renders the best service. Charges Rs. SEVEN.
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NOTES.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

RUBIE-KELLIES—July 6, at Agra, the wife of E Rubie-Kellies, of a daughter.
WAY—July 25, at Sultanpur, Oudh, the wife of T A H Way, Indian Civil Service, of a son.

DEATHS.

CRAWFORD—July 23, at Glenluce, Mussoorie, of acute General peritonitis, William Crawford, Captain, Ordnance retired list, aged 72 years and 8 months.
COCKBURN—July 25, at Glenvilla House, Mussoorie, Ida Caroline Cockburn, widow of the late James Cockburn, D S of Police, aged 56 years and 11 months.

KEMP'S LIST.
WET HARNESS ROTS
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DIVINE SERVICE.

NINTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, AUGUST 4.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8-30 and 8 a.m.—Holy Communion—(Choral)—Tours in C. Hymns—2, 220, 313, 32.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—232, 231.
Magnificat Martin Causley and Nunc Dimittis.
Anthem—Angels ever bright and fair—Handel.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m.
The Collection for Additional Clergy Society.
The Rev E S Hall, Chaplain of Colaba, will preach on Sunday evening the 4th instant.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

7 a.m.—Parade Service—Choral Matins and Sermon.
Hymns—340, 196 and 545.
8-15 a.m.—Missa Cantata.—(Merbecke.)
Hymns—187, 520 and 324.
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. Canon Hill.
Hymns—477, 536 and 240.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.
(Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m.—Parade Service, Preacher Rev. W. Seed.
6 p.m.—Parade Service, Preacher Rev. W. Seed.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
8 p.m.—Social Hour.
(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.)
9-30 a.m.—Preacher Rev. F. R. Atkins.
6 p.m.—Preacher Rev. F. R. Atkins.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

BOWEN MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
(Apollo Bunder).

9-45 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Sermon by the Pastor.
6 p.m.—Bishop Warne.
Also Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 6 p. m.
All Seats free, and strangers cordially welcomed.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon by Rev. H. McNeile.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. Canon Roberts.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
(Near School of Art.)

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—220, 313 and 177.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—290, 302 and 537.
Matins daily at 7 a.m.
Offertories for Church Expenses.

ST. NICHOLAS SEAMEN'S CHURCH.
Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

10 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Daily Services.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 p.m.—Evensong.
The north door of the Church is left open every day till sunset for private prayer.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Psalm—36 v. 5-9 tune 83.
Hymns—11, 118 and 69.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—320, 317 and 323.
Paraphrase 35 tune 9.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.
(Mazgaon Times.)

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.
8-30 a.m.—Matins.
5-30 p.m.—160 and 339.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—261, 311 and 97.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral). Preacher, Rev. Father Biscoe.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
10-45 a.m.—Matins.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral). Preacher Rev. Fr. Nicholson. Alms for Church Expenses.

11 a.m.—Matins, Sermon and Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
Waudby Road.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Par. 30; Hymns 265, 1.0 and 175.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, COMMANDING B. V. R.
Bombay, 3rd August.

1. The Cyclist Company (E) has been invited by the Officer Commanding, Bombay Light Horse, to take part in Field Manœuvres on next Monday morning, 5th August in the vicinity of Sion.
2. Any other Member of the Corps who possesses a cycle and who desires to parade with E Company on this occasion may do so provided he forwards his name to the Officer Commanding, E Company, on or before Saturday, the 3rd August.
3. Members proposing to attend this parade should draw their Arms and Accoutrements from Head-Quarters not later than Saturday next, the 3rd August.
4. Dress: Field-day order "Putties and Helmet Buttons" to be worn.
5. Fall in at 6 45 a.m. sharp, Byculla Fire Brigade Station, opposite Phillips & Co.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Captain
Adjutant, B. V. R.

G. I. P. R. COMPANY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic Earnings for the week ending 12th July, 1901.

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
Approximate earnings for 13 days ending 12th July 1901— G I P R system...	Rs. 3,82,669	Rs. 7,19,646	Rs. 7,731	Rs. 11,10,046
I M R do ...	73,139	2,58,322	2,773	3,14,234
Total....	4,55,808	9,57,968	10,504	14,24,280
Actuals for corresponding 14 days ending 14th July 1900— G I P R system...	3,33,880	7,32,606	11,674	10,80,560
I M R do ...	80,655	3,45,072	10,620	4,36,377
Total	4,14,565	10,77,078	25,296	15,16,937
Increase or Decrease... { G I P R	+52,789	—12,260	—3,943	+32,486
	I M R... —7,516	—1,06,756	—7,847	—1,22,113

BAND INSTRUMENTS
FOR
MILITARY BANDS
AND
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Agents for Messrs. BOOSEY & Co.,
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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Silesia, 3,339 tons, Captain P Cragliotto, will sail to-day, for Calcutta via Colombo, with the same bottom cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Pachumba, 511 tons, Captain R J Rickford, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, 115 cases opium, and 40 deck passengers.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan MacLeod, 1,583 tons, Captain W J Lennox, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Glasgow and Liverpool, with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Finlay Muir and Co.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—AUGUST 2.
MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.
IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

a Torpedo Boat No 100..	Lt Comdr Hughes, R N	C S ....
a Do No 102..	Lt Comdr Petre, R N	W R G ....
a Do No 103..	Lt Comdr R N	W P Kee. ....
Investigator	Comdr R N	T H Heming. R I M Surveying Ship
Lawrence		Indian Marine
Clive		Indian Marine
Nanowry		Indian Marine
Mayo	R W Gordon	Indian Marine

INDIAN DEFENCE RESERVE.

H M S Abyssinia		Tarret-ship
Plassey		Torpedo G'boat
4 Torpedo Boats		
Hardinge	Baugh	Indian Marine
H M S Readiness	Hill	Cruiser

a Indian Defence Ships.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent
Clyde	4096	Loudon			P & O Co
Siros	1971	Harley	Calcutta &c		M M & Co
Pola	1461	Hill			M M & Co
Haidari	1562	Krikson			B & I S N Co
Itaura	3363	Croft			M M & Co
Vadala	2102	Lee			M M & Co
Hermod	830	Olsen			Bombay Co
Chusan	2132	Daniel	China		13-8 P & O Co
Alsatian	649	Curtis			R S & Co
Kt Batchelor	4091	Pain			M M & Co
Marosa	1451	Adams	Trieste		3-8 M M & Co
Okara	3139	Sheldrick			M M & Co
Kohinoor	1835	Corras	Calcutta		T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—AUGUST 2,
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
B	Lorenzo	2031	Wing	Hull	6-8	P M & Co
F	Ernest Simons	2162	Vaquier	Marseilles	3-8	M M & Co
G	Pachumba	511	Rickford	P Gulf	3-8	M M & Co
H	H M S Magdala		Hewett, R N			Turret Ship
H	Tenasserim					Receiving Hulk
N	Safari	393	Tepo	Zanzibar	5-8	A Strandes
Q	Courland	922	Ahmed			Shepd & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Mahanadi	347	Ahmed	Shepd & Co
Bahadur	829	Miller	Kurrachee 3-8 shepd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
6	Ile de la Reunion	2231		Havre		10-8 Vol Bros
9	Silesia	3 40	Cregliotto	Calcutta	3-8	A L S N Co
10	Varzin	2084	Muller	Hamburg	3-8	K N & Co
12	Caledonia	3321	Gordon	Aden	3-8	P & O Co
14	Dumra	762	Russell	Karachi	3-8	M M & Co
16	Ville de Havre	1296	Caurtalon	Dunkirk	10-8	K N & Co

MERSEWETHER DRY DOCK.

Ellora	1491	Marchand	P Gulf		M M & Co

* Probable date of departure.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
1	Pachumba s	Rickford	Bussreh, July 21
2	Clan MacLeod s		Liverpool

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
2	Upada s	Houstoun	Calcutta, &c
	Adriatico s	Greglich	Trieste, &c
	Lincolnshire s	Ewen	Kobe
	Stolzenfels s	Struling	Hamburg
	Afghan s	Dexter	Mauritius

The steamer Silesia, Captain Cragliotto, obtained her port clearance yesterday for Calcutta via Colombo.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Kohinur for Calcutta via coast ports.
" Silesia, for Calcutta, &c.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 2.
FROM GLASGOW.
Nubia s—3 hogsheads whisky, Phipps, Thomson and Co.
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Methley Hall s—20 bales, writing paper, M A M Shurufally.
FROM LONDON.
Plassy s—7 cases stationery, Nazoorally and Cumroodin.
Caledonia s—20 cases bacon, provision, &c, A M Sodder; 51 cases gin, D Cowasjee; 16 cases tobacco manufactured, Hormaz Shesiar; 17 bales printing paper, F Furdoonjee and Co; 11 cases glassware and 6 cases medicine, &c, Phillips and Co; 71 cases provision, Thomson Thomas and Co; 100 cases port, H J Rustomjee and Co; 8 cases bacon, W B Green and Co; 24 cases provision, D Cowasjee; 23 cases still wine, &c, Cutler Palmer and Co; 10 cases glassware and 7 cases medicine, V Bhicoa and Co; 20 bales papers and 3 cases stationery, J Dickinson and Co; 6 cases manufactured tobacco, G Jalabhoy and Co.
Egypt s—9 cases medicine, P K Dongajee and Co.
FROM HAMBURG.
Johannesberger s—2 hogsheads rectified spirit, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Stolzenfels s—10 bales tissue papers, N M Mody; 25 cases slate pencils, J Adamjee.
FROM HULL.
Lorenzo s—5 cases writing paper and 4 cases envelopes, Thacker and Co; 49 bales straw boards, J Harkishandas; 17 cases of machinery, Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co.
Dido s—5 cases rum and 5 casks port, Phillipore and Co.
FROM TRIESTE.
China s—104 bales printing papers, N J Banajee and Co.
FROM ROTTERDAM.
Caledonia s—78 cases genevra, D Cowasjee.
FROM AMSTERDAM.
Stolzenfels s—20 cases playing cards, A Thaverbhoy.
Rajeshiemer s—4 cases perfumed spirit, Bhaboojee Rao tomjee Sookhia.
FROM BORDEAUX.
Caledonia s—34 cases provision, D Cowasjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 2.
FOR LONDON.
Peninsular s—3,000 cwt mussoor, 1,900 cwt cottonseed and 20 cwt rapeseed, Ralli Brothers; 2,0 0 cwt boneseal, Kalimoolum Kassowjee; 500 cwt hides, Purmoolum Bhimjee; 2,000 cwt poppyseed, David Sassoon and Co.
FOR HAVRE.
Ville de Havre s—17 cwt bees wax, R Dossa and Co.
Ile de la Reunion s—400 cwt buffalo horns, Hussani Alloo Mahomed; 1,540 cwt myrubollams, Wagjee Beehor.
FOR DUNKIRK.
Ile de la Reunion s—2,000 cwt rapeseed, Forbes, Forbes and Co; 1,130 cwt rapeseed, Volkart Brothers; 1,999 cwt rapeseed, Nanjee Khairas and Co.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 3,

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CROWE.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

14-01—Little and Co—George H Dick and others vs Dhunjee Jaitha and another—Madhavjee V—Part heard.
499-00—Edgelow G and W—Hajee Mahomed Mehdi Malik vs Reuben David Sassoon and others—Crawford B and Co—for postponement.
678-99—Tyabjee D and Co—Bai Khatizabai vs Oomer Hajee Alli and others.
359-07—Mathubhai J and M—Maganlal Narsidas vs Ranchordas Vithaldas—Edgelow G and W.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice STARLING.
Long Causes.

29-01—Unwalla and P—Samuel R Samuel vs Shalome Bapojee Shantri and R—Part heard.
751-99—Khunderao and S—Ram Shabhmal and others vs Mithelal Shivlal and others—Tyabjee D and Co—Part heard.
429-95—Payne G S and M—N Nowrojee vs Vazirbhai—Khunderao and S—To vary Commissioners Report.
26-01—Framjee and D—Mahomed Hossain vs Oomer Gunny—Little and Co.
846-00—Sorabjee and J—Amir Buksh bin Syed Aminula vs Escofally Jewajee—Mulla and M.
851-03—Muljee and R—Mahomed Hossein Hajee Salay Mahomed vs Esoo Siba and others—Manaklal D and J.
539-00—Ardesir H D and Co—Tyebally Karvinjee and others vs Sarafally Mahomedally Tanawala—Little and Co.
4-01—Jamsetjee and R—Dulubdas Balmukandas vs Pandu Pawshia—Ditchit and D.
160-01—Craigie L and C—Basil Scott Ag Advocate General vs Javardhan Balkrishna—Craigie L and C.
612-98—K D Shroff—Mangaldas Harivalabdas vs Harivalabdas Balgowandas—Wadia and G.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette
SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1901.

THE AMERICAN GIRL AT COLLEGE.

It gives some measure of the strength and depth of the desire for a college education which stirs the hearts of American girls to read of the struggle that many of them make to run the four years' course on limited means. In the "Century" Alice K. Fallows has an article on "Working One's Way Through Women's Colleges" that may well fill the reader with enthusiastic admiration for the fearless young women who refuse to be discouraged by want of means, and strenuously turn their eager minds and limited leisure to account in making ends meet for four weary years while they win their diploma. We have seen in a previous paper how men in American colleges turn an honest penny and work out their intellectual salvation with the help of daring flights into commerce. These high roads are, however, fenced off from the American girl by a rigorous yet unwritten law. They cannot become, as masculine freshmen may, butter merchants, fruiterers, waiters—except in the parental shelter of their own colleges—or baker's or butcher's assistants. There remain small feminine employments, badly paid, at which the girl-freshman can spend a certain number of hours earning by cents, instead of dollars something to set against the inevitable expenses of her college life. The institutions themselves foster the system, but there is such a large number of impecunious students, that the scale of pay is necessarily low for such work as housework or waiting. The smaller chores, which an industrious girl can render another who is unwilling to work for herself, are on a different range, but the economical is the chief point of view from which both served and server have to consider them. Women's colleges are pervaded by a broader spirit than men's, in this that while at the latter the poor working student is practically shut out from all the social pleasures of his richer fellows, in the former there is no distinction made. A girl is not handicapped in her chance of joining in the entertainments that vary the studies of the collegians by the fact of having to work [illegible] lies in her having less leisure, and being often obliged to deny herself such pleasures. There are no expensive clubs, the inability to subscribe to which might cut her off from her fellows. Nor are late hours a tax on the double work she sets herself, for all social functions are over punctually at ten o'clock.

The different colleges vary in their economic systems. At Bryn Mawr, where the student uses her head alone, the lowest charge for tuition and board for the year is four hundred and fifty dollars, or £90 a year (1,350 rupees) The self-helping girl there can reduce this by gaining scholarships. But she can economise in hardly any other way, for she must live in a college house. Vassar is fifty dollars less as to cost, and has the same scholarship possibilities. At Wellesley, where the fees are the same as at Vassar, the student can set housework against a hundred or a hundred and fifty dollars, according to the hours she devotes to it. Holyoke does things on a cheaper scale, providing tuition and board for 250 dollars yearly. Oberlin allows its students to reside and board in college houses or outside, and at Keep Home, a house owned by the college, the poor student can bring her expenses down to a hundred dollars a year or even to seventy-five, but only by persistent scraping and hard work. She feeds and cooks for herself. At Barnard and Radcliffe few opportunities for self-help were forthcoming until latterly, but a student employment bureau has been established setting forth the work that the girls are ready to undertake for outsiders. At Smith College, tutoring is the favourite occupation, but there is little of it, for the examinations are scattered through the year, thus giving no chance to the coach to ask high prices for a final rush to pull a lazy pupil through, as can be done at men's colleges, where the examination at the end of term is a rich field for the tutor. At Smith, there are more incidental occupations than at most of the other institutions, its spirit being somewhat more original and inventive, whether form the impulse that greater numbers give, or from the necessities that must perforce be supplied among that larger crowd. The temptation in the industrial section in girls' colleges is towards a Jack-of-all-trades development, not to excellence in one line only. For this there is every excuse. When the highest rate of earning in any one department can only bring in a very limited wage, why should not the casual worker add to the inevitable labour the charm of variety. If nothing is to be gained by resolutely sticking to, say, filling lamps, why not turn to blacking shoes, or making beds to ease the horrible drudgery of monotony? The girls are not learning a trade. They are working for diplomas, and catching at straws on the way to avoid being submerged.

The permanent occupations at which dollars or cents can be made by the hour are various, if not remunerative. At Mount Holyoke girls act as housemaids and waitresses in brigades: they look after the dining-room, clean silver, wash dishes, all good humouredly, each being as far as possible drafted to the work she likes best. Cooking and scrubbing are not on the list, domestics being responsible for these important items. Thirty to fifty minutes is the daily tax on the student's time, and the expert girl can whip through her task in much less. This amount of work means a diminution of a hundred to a hundred and fifty dollars in her tuition and board fees. All the students here, rich and poor, join in this work, and consequently there is no disadvantage for the poor girl. At Oberlin, if a student board in or out of the college houses, and it costs her four dollars a week, she can compound by giving fifty hours' work at ten cents an hour in helping the lady of the house. This is the tariff, and is gratefully accepted by employer and employed, although it almost always obliges the student to extend her college course beyond the four allotted years to six or even seven. In the University of California a sewing school for college women is perfectly equipped, and includes every grade of sewing, under expert teachers. Here the working student can register her name for as many hours a week as she can spare, and she is paid by the hour for what she does. If she goes successfully through the sewing course, she earns a sewing diploma besides. At Bryn Mawr tutoring is the select occupation, and a college bookshop, started by two students, is a great success; assistants in the chemical and biological laboratories earn a hundred dollars a year for five and a half hours' work a week, an assistant librarian gets two hundred dollars a year, and the merry girls who distribute letters in the five halls receive twenty-five dollars apiece. Scholarships can be earned at this college, as mentioned above. As for the incidental occupations, they are a legion in themselves. The girl that can do laundry-work earns a little from the girl that can afford to give her washing and "making up" to her companion. The student who has a knack at millinery, trims hats for her neighbours. A clever type-writer works for the faculty. Girls who love dancing, make up a class, and charge a small fee, coaching their elder pupils, in readiness for the Sophomore Reception, a great function, and the juniors for the Junior Reception. An instance of waste of energy is given by Miss Fallows in the girl who could darn well offering her services at three dollars for keeping one individual in meaded stockings for the year. She got thirty customers at once, but at such a sweating labour rate, that poor girls' time must have been entirely taken up. Making gymnasium suits is hard work, but is undertaken by high-spirited girls on contract, and as it must be done in time for the gymnastic season, no small powers of organisation and sewing skill and good humour are necessary to accomplish the task and bear patiently the chaff about misfits. Others make blouses in the summer season. But whatever they do, the hours are long and the amount earned small,—shockingly small. An account-book of one diligent girl who did no end of oddments for freshmen, and who spent 352 hours at them, reveals the disheartening fact that she earned only 131 dollars for her time and trouble, and yet there were nine different ways of circumventing the almighty dollar on her list. A girl with a stout bicycle makes something by hiring it out. Cleaning the bicycles of lazy or overworked students is another of the many ways the intellectually inclined girl has for turning a tight corner. There can be little doubt that all this sustained effort, combined with the mental strain that is the only alternative to, and the cause of, these multifarious occupations must tend to make the American college woman a nervous machine. It would be interesting to have statistics showing the number that break down every year, for nervous prostration must lie in wait for many of these eager students, who work so hard, and many of whom feed as badly as girls left to themselves inevitably do. Fortunately many of the colleges cater for the students entirely. American women value so highly a college training that they will go through any struggle to attain it. The question is, whether too often the result is not a deterioration instead of an improvement of the original women, due to the undue and persistent physical and mental overwork. No doubt to practical a people as the Americans will finally decide on this point some day, and meanwhile they do not hesitate to modify according to requirements the system in use in the different colleges.

CLAY BIRD SHOOTING.

PIGEON-SHOOTING from traps is a very fascinating sport, but being an expensive pastime, it is, except in the North of England, confined to wealthy people. Many persons clamour against the practice on the ground of cruelty, but there are many sports which cannot be pursued without inflicting some degree of it. What humani arians sought to do many years ago by legislation is now likely to be brought about by ingenuity. The Americans discovered that it is much more difficult to make a long series of kills in clay-bird shooting, than in shooting at live birds and when live-pigeon shooting was prohibited in various States, American sportsmen invented a contrivance by which a clay bird is sent through the air at terrific speed by means of a powerful spring trap. Trap-shooting is thus rendered much less expensive, and the use of clay birds is fast spreading all over England. Recently a team of Yankees went over to shoot against a representative English side at clay birds for £1,000 aside. The Americans won the first three matches, claiming the rubber, and following on their victories in the Derby and Oaks, our cousins have been enjoying a good time. Each man shot at 100 birds, and some idea of the excellent shooting may be gathered from the fact that the best American shot made 278 kills out of 300, and the best Englishmen 253. One extraordinary feature of the competition was that the Americans relied on one barrel and the Englishmen had an opportunity of killing with the second if they missed with the first, while again the Yankees used one and a quarter ozs. of shot to one oz. and an eighth by their opponents. It seems to us that it would have been much fairer had the conditions been identical for all. Many excuses are being made for the Englishmen, but they are unnecessary. Clay-bird shooting in England has only just been introduced, and it is not a great matter for surprise to find that the Americans excel at their own game. Now that it has been introduced into the old countryand, the fact that it is much less costly, clay-bird shooting will be indulged in to a greater extent, and naturally Englishmen will become more proficient with practice. Mr. Paul North, the manager of the American team, thinks our men fire before they get a proper sight of their object, and points to the success of his countrymen, who are more deliberate and wait until the bird rises to a certain altitude before pulling the trigger. This slowness in firing is probably due to the fact that they rely on one barrel, whereas the English shooter, if he misses with his first shot, trusts to his second to bring the bird down within the prescribed area.

THE MAHARANI OF DHOLPUR.

FEW things more startling have been suggested in connection with the death of native chiefs than the remar

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

BRUTAL CONDUCT OF THE BOERS.

SHOOTING PRISONERS.

LONDON, AUG. 1.

Lord Kitchener reports that the Boers who surrounded a patrol of Yeomanry and Native scouts at Dooru river, in the Orange Colony, on the 28th ultimo, shot some of the scouts and also a Yeoman named Finch in cold blood, after surrender. With reference to the shooting of Finch the Boers explain they thought he was a native.

Many cases of cold blooded murder of natives have recently occurred in Cape Colony.

THE BOERS WILL GIVE NO QUARTER TO NATIVES.

LONDON, AUG. 2.

Lord Kitchener wires that Kritzinger has notified to General French that he intends to kill all natives who are in British employ, whether they are armed or unarmed.

THE WAR EXPENSES.

SUFFICIENT MONEY IN HAND.

LONDON, AUG. 1.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, replying to a question in the Commons, said he believed that the sums voted for the war would suffice until January and possibly till the end of the financial year.

THE COOPER'S HILL QUESTION.

Lord George Hamilton said he had received the report of the reconstituted Board of Visitors at Cooper's Hill and will present it later with his views thereon.

THE RETURN OF BRITISH TROOPS TO INDIA.

AT AN EARLY DATE.

Replying to a further question Lord George Hamilton said he hoped that the British troops sent to South Africa from India would be replaced at an early date, but he was unable yet to say how soon.

THE THIBETAN MISSION.

The Thibetan Mission has left Moscow, homeward bound.

THE STATEMENT REGARDING THE MOORISH ENVOY.

REPORT CONTRADICTED.

The statement made by the "Morning Post" regarding the arrest of the Moorish Envoy, in a despatch from Tangier, has been contradicted.

DEATH OF MRS. BRODRICK.

Mrs. Brodrick, the wife of the Right Hon. William Brodrick, died suddenly to-day.

THE SULTAN AND THE EXPEDITION FROM ADEN.

GREATLY IRRITATED.

The *Times*, in a Constantinople telegram, says the Sultan is much irritated at the British expedition from Aden to destroy a Turkish fort and has telegraphed to London to ascertain whether the Government ordered the expedition.

IRRIGATION IN EGYPT.

RAILWAY TO THE RED SEA.

A Blue Book which is just out contains a despatch from Lord Cromer, dated 19th June, covering a report from Sir William Garstin regarding the irrigation projects on the Upper Nile.

Sir William, after discussing fully the alternative plans, favours the scheme for a great reservoir for utilising the waters of Lake Tsana and to supply the needs of both Egypt and the Sudan. The matter, however, he says, requires care and the fullest preliminary study.

Sir William Garstin concludes by stating that a Railway from Khartoum to the Red Sea is far more urgent than any grandiose scheme of irrigation.

Lord Cromer fully endorses this opinion and says that preliminary investigations with a view to the selection of a route will be made during the ensuing winter.

TWELVE MILLIONS FOR NAVAL AND MILITARY WORKS.

LONDON, AUG. 2.

The Commons have authorised an expenditure of six millions for naval and six millions for military works, including a breakwater at Malta, and increased facilities for coaling the fleet.

The vote for military works will be largely devoted to the erection of and reconstruction of barracks.

COMING MEETING OF THE TSAR AND KAISER.

It is stated at Berlin that the Emperor William and the Tsar will meet at Dantzig on the 10th September.

AMERICAN VOTE FOR THE VICTORIA MEMORIAL.

The New York Chamber of Commerce has given a donation of five thousand pounds sterling towards the Victoria Memorial.

THE VICEROY'S COUNCIL.

NEW MEASURES INTRODUCED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUG. 2.

In introducing the Bill to amend the Indian Steamships Act at to-day's meeting of the Viceroy's Council, Mr. Raleigh explained that the measure was to obviate the inconvenience caused by the present law in the case of such vessels as those trading to Red Sea ports. These vessels, owing to the absence of dry docks at Aden, are now obliged to go out of their way to Bombay for survey. The change proposed in the Act is merely to extend to such vessels provisions which already apply to foreign ships and the opportunity at the same time has been taken to extend the powers of exemption, which now apply to classes of ships, so as to become operative also in the case of individual vessels.

Mr. Arundel introduced an amendment to the Indian Railways Companies' Act to enable tramways, which are of the nature of light railways, to pay interest out of capital during construction, this, he explained, being desirable to facilitate the construction of this class of line.

Mr. Rivaz introduced a Bill to amend the Court Fees Act, the object, he explained, being to remove the doubt which existed regarding the meaning of the term "Chief Revenue Authority." The definition now to be adopted is that already used in the Indian Stamp Act.

The only other business transacted was the introduction by Sir Edmund Elles of the Bill already noticed in your columns to amend the Indian Articles of War.

The Council adjourned to this day three weeks.

THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

AURIFEROUS REEFS IN CHOTA NAGPUR.

SIMLA, AUG. 1.

The Government of India's resolution on the work of the Geological Survey, last year, states that from the results of examination of auriferous reefs in Chota Nagpur "It would appear desirable that the gold yielding capacity of that country should be further investigated." It adds that the ability of the Geological Survey department to undertake such investigations has been strengthened by the addition to its staff of two economic geologists, whose services, however, have had to be utilised for mine inspection, pending the engagement of special officers for that purpose. Reference is made to the lamented death of Mr. Reader, and also to the services rendered to Indian Geology by Dr. Suess.

RESULTS OF THE DEOLALI MUSKETRY EXAMINATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUG 2.

The following have qualified at the recent Deolali Musketry Examination :—Lieutenants Cawley, 20th Hussars; and Mackenzie, Royal Scots; Captain Turner, Suffolks; Lieutenants Reesmogg, Royal Irish; Gover, Cheshires; and Loyllie, Welsh Regiment; 2nd Lieutenant Campbell, Royal Highlanders; Lieutenant Nisbet, Oxfordshire Light Infantry; Major Rowe, West Kents; Lieutenant McRae, Shropshire Light Infantry; 2nd Lieut. MacLeod, 1st Bombay Lancers; Lieutenant Hislop, 5th Bombay Cavalry; 2nd Lieutenant Roberts, 1st Bombay Grenadiers, Lieutenants Moens, 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, Crichton, 3rd Bombay Infantry, Bichford, 4th Bombay Infantry, Daloy, 21st Bombay Infantry; Parker, 27th Bombay Light Infantry and Shewell, Meywar Bhil Corps.

GOOD RAIN OVER THE WHOLE OF INDIA.

Good rain fell last week over nearly every part of India, except Assam, Gujarat, about which anxiety was being felt, had more than the normal amount for the seven days, and almost everywhere the prospects are brightening. From Punjab comes the cheering intelligence that another three weeks of the present weather will ensure good crops.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. J. Kellie, I.M.S., officiates as Sanitary Commissioner, Berar, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Swaine, on leave.

Three more plague cases having been notified at Constantinople. The Ottoman Porte announces forty-eight hours' observation of vessels against that disease.

Rev. J. M. Macdonald, Chaplain, Nowgong, Central India, has been granted three month.' leave.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Second Lieutenants A. R. B. Kemble, R. A., Trait and H. L. J. Sime are admitted to the Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. Loch, I.S.C., and Major R. D. Broome, 9th Bombay Infantry, are permitted to retire.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

It is notified that passports are granted on certain conditions by the Governor-General's Agent at Quetta to British subjects desirous of proceeding to Persia by the Nushki-Seistan trade route.

THE GHAZIPUR OPIUM CULTIVATORS' STRIKE.

CALCUTTA, AUG 2.

A Ghazipur correspondent writes to say that the opium cultivators of that agency have gone on strike, and have refused to accept the advance usually made to them annually. The reason for this is that they claim higher prices for their opium. They assert that since the time the Opium Commission submitted their report the price of opium has been increased, and they are possessed, they say, of information that the Government profit is cent. per cent. They, therefore, see no reason why they should not participate in such profit. They have accordingly sent a deputation to the Calcutta Board of Revenue to ask for higher prices. Fear is entertained that the strike may extend to the Behar districts.

THE CALCUTTA PUBLIC MOLESTED BY SOLDIERS.

A Hastings correspondent writes to a local paper complaining that on Tuesday night he was hailed in the vicinity of Fort William by two soldiers, who demanded money and threatened to assault him if their request was refused. Several serangs came to his assistance and the soldiers bolted.

The same correspondent gives several instances in which lady cyclists and others have been similarly molested lately by soldiers and he considers that the time has come when the Military authorities concerned should take serious notice of the state of affairs of which he complains.

TEA PROSPECTS.

The latest report to hand shows that prospects in all tea districts are bad, and up to date the outturn has been poor and below the average.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SIMLA, AUG. 2.

Lieutenants Nutt, 72nd Battery, and Henderson, 30th Battery, R. F. A., are appointed Subalterns' Hyderabad Contingent Artillery. Arrangements have been sanctioned for batteries now in India to take over and train 234 horses for the two Howitzer Batteries which will come out to India during the current financial year.

Lieutenant Burton, Third Infantry, joins the third Lancers, Hyderabad Contigent. Army Orders published at home contain a list of 245 Warrant and N. C. o's and men granted medals for Distinguished Conduct in the field.

Orders have been issued whereby Victualling Duties in British Corps and Hospitals will be performed by Regimental Non-Commissioned Officers instead of by Departmental Sergeants. The latter being thereby released from other duties, such as in charge of Bakeries and Butcheries. Proposals are before the Government of India for the organisation in connection with the Midland Railways Volunteer Rifles.

It is notified that applications for medal roll forms for South African Medals should be made to the D. A. G. of the Command concerned.

BOMBAY ARRIVALS, AUGUST 2.—Hay, Surgeon-General, Madras, I. M. S., on leave from Belgaum.

Smith, Major, Bengal, R. F. A., on leave from Cawnpore.

Lang, Captain, Bengal, 5th Boubay Cavalry, on plague duty from Cawnpore.

Duckworth, Lieutenant, Punjab, 2 Section, Stafford Regiment, on leave from Jutogh.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, AUG. 1.

The P. and O. Co's steamer s. s. Egypt arrived here this afternoon.

LONDON, AUG. 1.

The Clan line steamer Clan Monroe arrived here this morning.

The Austrian Lloyd's Corinthia, from Trieste left Aden for Bombay on the afternoon of the 1st instant, and is expected here on the 8th instant.

The P. and O. s. s. Plassy arrived at Aden on Thursday night, 1st August.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, AUG. 1.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet.

S rats quiet.

Good brownsugger 3 12-32.

The Manchester market has been quiet.

2½ per cent. Consols	93 7-16
3 per cent. Reduced	101 1-4
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan.....	108
3½ per cent. Rupee Papers.....	53 7-8
Bar Silver	26 15-16

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total Bullion, mutilated Public Deposits, £28,400,000; Decrease, £1,400,000; Other Deposits, £44,100,000; Increase, £4,500,000; Other Securities, £30 100,000; Increase £3,500,000; Notes and Gold, £24,300,000; Decrease, £1,000,000. The Banks Reserve is 46 per cent. of the Liabilities.

No less than 20,000 tons of molasses were imported from Mauritius last year, chiefly for use in the manufacture of the compost of tobacco smoked in the native, "hukka." This is quite a new trade, and, as Mr. O'Conor remarks, it is surprising to learn that it can be profitably carried on in a country like India where sugar is so extensively manufactured and where these must be a practically unlimited quantity of molasses available for the market.

THE St. Petersburg Academy of Sciences have received a telegram from the leader of the expedition which is shortly to bring the mammoth found in Siberia to St. Petersburg. The telegram, which is dispatched from Yakutsk, reports that the expedition arrived at that place on June 14. It is proceeding by steamer up the river, and will then journey overland to Kolymsk, which is three thousand versts off, and where it expects to arrive in two and a half months. The mammoth found is unique of its kind; its hair, skin, and flesh are entirely preserved, and there are remains of undigested food in its stomach.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

A LADY BREWER.

FRILLS, FROCKS AND FURBELOWS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 12.

A LADY brewer is sufficient of a phenomenon to invest the narrative of Mrs. Octavia Augusta Lovibond, in the London Bankruptcy Court yesterday, with even more interest than its own somewhat curious nature deserved. Mrs. Lovibond was, to a really practical brewer; had studied the chemistry of the subject, and "mashed all the materials" for the beers of the old firm of Henry Lovibond. "For many years," she stated, "during my husband's illness, I made the whole of the calculations for brewing, and the whole of the chemical analyses." The lady carried on alone for an interval after her husband's death the Cannon Brewery, Fulham. Then, in 1897, it was turned into a company under the style of Henry Lovibond and Company, Limited. Mrs. Lovibond was chairman, and the other directors were two mere men—Messrs. Parry (her son-in-law) and Yendall. It appeared that the total consideration paid by the new company was £80,000. According to the prospectus, the profits were calculated at £5,600 a year. That amount was not shown by the books, but witness did not consider that they were conclusive. "There was nothing in the prospectus to show that the company was to take over your liabilities?"—"No." "Does not that appear to you to be somewhat misleading?"—"Not at all." On further examination witness said that after the formation of the company the business was carried on for a time at a small profit, but afterwards "at a nominal loss." Witness admitted, on reconsideration, that a loss of over £3,000 had accrued in six months. "Were you," pursued the assistant receiver, "in the habit of following the advice given by the other directors?" "I was ready to do so," was the answer, "only they never gave any. They only grumbled." They complained, the lady went, on that she did not take them into her confidence. Finally, in 1899, she disposed of all her 50,000 shares to Mr. Flanagan, who had been a canvasser, for £30,000, and retired. "I suppose you thought the ship was sinking?" observed Mr. Registrar Hood. "Not at all," exclaimed Mrs. Lovibond. "It was a good business, but I had too many old servants with too high salaries, and I was not strong enough to introduce the necessary economy." Under the present winding-up order there is an estimated surplus of £7,852.

Musical happenings of late have not been particularly stimulating. At Covent Garden a fortieth (or is it a fiftieth?) new tenor, a Mr. Jerome, of Paris, has appeared, without persuading anyone, however, that Mr. Jean De Reszke's successor has at length been run to earth. To speak truth, indeed, Mr. Jerome, of whom report had said not a little, was a disappointment. His outer man is undistinguished, while the most noteworthy feature of his singing appears to be vibratory tendency by which it is distinguished. Madame Melba was the Marguerite of the occasion, but she was hardly at her best—unless it was that for once in a way she felt indisposed to exert herself. In the remoter parts of the house her voice must have been almost inaudible as times—she sang, as it seemed, with so little power, though in other respects, there was little room for criticism as ever in her singing. Her acting, too, though it is apt to get criticised, is really within its limits quite adequate. Mr. Plancon, as Mephistopheles, seemed, if possible, better than ever. But then in reality this was not possible, and one must be content, therefore, to say that he was once more all that the heart of the opera-going man could conceivably desire. Call a spade a spade, in fact, and Plancon's Mephistopheles perfection.

Mr. Bispham has given an enjoyable concert—which might well, indeed, have been more largely patronised, seeing that he had the good sense to abate considerably the absurdly high charges which it is still the fashion of most concert-givers to demand. Perhaps on a hot July afternoon the delightful negro melodies which he introduced fell as gratefully as anything on the jaded concert-goer's ears, interpreted, as they were, by Mr. Bispham with such masterly skill and humour. But in almost all the other examples of a very varied programme it must be said he was equally good. Another interesting vocal recital has been that given by Mr. Frank Ross—a young singer of great promise, who will turn his admirable bass voice to still better account when further training has given him more assurance. As it was, in such things as Wotan's "Abschied" and Beethoven's "Die Ehre Gottes" he did exceedingly well, while a group of lighter pieces at the end of his programme (when he had lost some of his nervousness) went even better. A number of Brahms songs he gave also in capital style. More freedom and spontaneity will come no doubt in time.

Black, white, and grey, with combinations of these neutral colours, are still more worn than any brilliant tints, and will continue to be until this season is over. Later on, when society is widely scattered, brighter hues will probably be more generally used. It is astonishing given the three notes of colour above named with the addition of heliotrope, how many pleasing variations in dress can be made. Our leading modistes and milliners have risen wonderfully well to the occasion, as some of the charming costumes created by them show. Grey glace silk has been much in demand. One lovely dress in this material has three shaped flounces set on the skirt, corded at the edge with white silk with narrow rows of black lace insertion between the lines of cording, the short bolero, frilled and corded to match the skirt opening over a vest of tucked white muslin, with narrow black lace between the tucks. Black alpaca has been much worn (piped with either white silk or black-and-white striped silk, with ficelle or ecru tinted lace.) Surah, always popular, is made up charmingly with muslin. For example, a mauve surah printed black has the deep skirt flounce, blouse, bodice, and full sleeves of white muslin spotted with mauve, the upper portion of the skirt being vandyked over the flounce, and edged with a frill of muslin, the bolero corresponding. The collar is embroidered in mauve silk with a black velvet ribbon beneath, tied in a careless long-ended bow; the full under-sleeves, caught in at the wrists with a band of surah, fall in frills over the hands, the belt being of folded black velvet ribbon fastened in a bow with ends at the side and the hat of black lace-straw with large black tulle rosettes and a bunch of black-centred mauve cinerarias set beneath the upturned brim. Voile is still in much request for summer dresses. One in grey, a charmingly soft shade, has both skirt and bolero made with tiny tucks, between each group of three tucks being a line of deli cate grey silk embroidery, the vest, beneath the bolero, being of guipure over grey silk, a few folds of the silk forming the shaped waistbelt.

Linens are, and will be, well worn in grey, pale pink, and blue. One of navy blue, suitable for yachting purposes, has the shaped flounce set on in grouped tucks, the bodice, which is pouched, being embroidered in white silk. Another linen dress in pale pink has the well-hung skirt stitched in curves all round the edge, the wave-shaped bodice fastening across the vest with rows of tinted lace and chiffon with a knot bow of black velvet, a folded narrow belt of the same being at the waist. Among the most pleasing of the many new modes in muslin gowns, three may be especially cited :—The first, a black grounded muslin pin spotted in white; this has the bodice trimmed with closely set lines of ruched chiffon, the sash being of chiffon, as are the full sleeves beneath the loose open over-sleeves of muslin.

A short sleeveless bolero of black plisse chiffon and white lace insertion, worn over the full-pouched bodice, a black picture hat, all feathers and chiffon, puts a good finishing touch. The second dress is of beige muslin and black lace insertion, with sash and ruffle of fine black-spotted net; and the third a flowered muslin, the ground of palest lilac, the design in shades of the same colour, with bunches of lilac shaded from light to deep tones, the princesse foundation being of taffetas. In make this gown is quite simple, the bodice tucked perpendicularly from the throat, the skirt treated in the same way from the waist, the lines of tucks shortening on the hips; the sleeves are tucked some way down from the top and their fulness drawn in above, the wrist fulled out again into frills over the hand. A fold or two of velvet, the deepest tone of colour, forms the waistpiece, the wide lace collar falling in points over the shoulders and at front and back from a folded lace and silk collar, tucks and folds finishing off the skirt, which had its fulness well kept out by the shaped flounce on the silk under-skirt. Cream and white-spotted, figured, and sprigged muslins are much worn. White or black gauze net with a ringed pattern makes up charmingly with wide black, or white, lace insertion, with inlet lace bodice and black velvet waist-belt, and knots of velvet at throat and wrists. Black ribbon velvet is in great favour as a trimming for crepe and voile dresses, and a pretty way of applying it is to run it up from hem to knee in perpendicular lines of irregular heights on the skirt, and from the throat to the bust, reversing the order of things on the bodice. Tamise is one of the newest thin materials—it is soft and clinging, adopting itself well to present day fashions. A skirt of this fabric is made up with the triple edge, which is superseding flounces. The effect is as if three skirts were worn one over the other, the topmost being the shortest—each edge being bordered with lace.

Though mourning is still generally worn at society functions and the opera, the fashion of relieving it with flowers and green leaves is followed extensively, small wreaths and chaplots of the latter being worn on the head, and usually set well forward, with the hair dressed round and lower at the back. Wreaths look well, as do the twists of tulle now so much seen; these, too, are placed well forward, and tied with a bow in front. Black velvet, twisted into rouleaux and ornamented with diamonds is a novel form of trimming the low-cut necks of evening dresses. Some women utilise their single-stoned diamond necklaces in this manner with excellent effect. An evening gown of black mousseline de soie has the decollotage thus expressed; the only other ornaments worn being of diamonds—the skirt, of the very frou-frou order, having narrow stripes of black velvet at the sides, three stripes on each side with diamante lace between each stripe. The new lace feather trimming is very prettily used on a white gauze evening dress, the feathers being of black lace with the ribs formed of diamonds; the fulness of the low-cut bodice is kept in place by two feathers spreading out from the centre, two smaller ones, nearer the waist, keeping the points of the corsage well defined. A group of three feathers is arranged on the side seams, the fulness of the back sweeping out into a frilled train.

White pique skirt and coat costumes are excellent wear, especially for young, growing girls of all ages. White pique is also a good deal used for the wide collars, simulated waistcoat fronts and cuffs of boleros, ornamented with embroidery, glace ribbon, stitched on, or black velvet. The bolero of a dress of thin grey cloth is thus finished off, with round pique collar and cuffs striped with black ribbon velvet, the waistcoat fronts being striped with narrower velvet. A beautifully modelled yachting gown from a well-known firm is of fine white serg eand spotted blue and white foulard—black and white foulard could be substituted if half mourning is desired. The coat bodice has an underneath centre of the foulard, which shows well beneath the sharply cut up sides of the over-coat. The collar, revers, under-sleeves, and flounce round the edge of the tabbed-out skirt are all of the silk material, as is the sash which falls in long ends from where it is tied, on the left side, almost to the foot of the dress. The small vest, which the falling open fronts of the coat show, is of lace insertion and tiny tucks, and the straw hat is trimmed with foulard to match the dress. The neat little sacque coats in coloured silk or satin are useful introductions. Corresponding in colour with the dominant tone of the costume; with which they are worn they have an exceedingly dressy appearance.

Nothing has ever been invented so useful in the way of headgear as the Panama hat. Last season it was almost monopolised by men-kind. This year women have discovered how light, shady, and becoming, bent at various angles to suit the face, it can be made, and are adopting it for bicycling, boating, travelling, and the seaside. Its flexibility is a great point in its favour, since it is so soft and pliable that it can be bent into any shape desired, and tightly rolled up for packing without sustaining any injury. Stowed away in a travelling bag, it takes up very little space, and is ready to put on during the journey, being infinitely preferable for that purpose to a stiffer straw hat. It can be had in various shades and different plaitings. A picturesque-looking new hat is of black crinoline straw, corded with white straw, the brim raised here and there with small white roses, arranged in careless bunches with very little foliage. Another pretty hat is of blue straw, the colour of a forget-me-not; the large much-waved brim is lined with ruched or tucked tulle, and forget-me-nots are wreathed round both the outside and inside of the brim. A simple hat in especially good taste is of the finest, most transparent black crin, with lines of narrow black velvet expressing the turned-down brim, which is slightly raised on one side to make room for a bunch of Malmaison carnations; a large black ostrich feather and a full choux of black tulle form the trimming. What are known as plateau hats are to be much worn, and, as affording a fair amount of shade, will be useful in the country.

It is all wrong to have a washing gown cut long. We British are behind the French in the sense of fitness of things, so far as dress is concerned. In Paris, where the trousseau for the seaside is now being prepared for the smart folk, the linens and cottons are cut two good inches off the ground. The neatest of brown, white, or beige shoes, with stockings exactly matching them, are in this way advantageously displayed. Many of the skirts are box-pleated from an embroidered yoke upon the hips. Others have the figure defined by a number of tucks or pleats. A dress in pink heliotrope flat-cloth (a sort of fine open linen like grass cloth), may be strapped in white glace silk round the back, with full pleats let in under the strapping. The waistcoat is white silk, like the strapping, and is finished round the edges with several rows of stitching. The fastenings are small gilt buttons. The coat itself is strapped all round, and is lined with the very thinnest silk. Rows of stitching finish the skirt round the hem, the sleeves, chemisette, and cuffs, and form the pointed silk belt. The hat is in canvas, bound with velvet and trimmed with a large bow of chine silk in very delicate tones of mauve and grey. The canvas is very light of weight, and consequently cool in wear, a great consideration in the hot weather.

Pretty river dresses were to be counted by the score at Henley. The lovely weather encouraged everyone to wear their daintiest. Many charming gowns were made of voile, the coarse kind which is like canvas. One in maize-colour was made up over red silk with admirable effect. Another was in a deep [illegible] backed. The foundation was pink and the little bolero white, unlined, was worn over a finely-tucked pink batiste blouse. Cream voile was very much worn. It is a very graceful material and the gowns of this colour were extremely becoming. Linen in all shades was seen in coats and skirts and whole dresses. A very striking gown was in scarlet linen with strappings of black in wavy lines round the skirt, and on the bodice. An extremely pretty frock was made in the old-fashioned pinafore style. The colour was pale willow-green, the sleeves and upper part of the bodice were in embroidered white lawn and insertion. A large fancy straw hat, trimmed with choux of green glace, was worn with this dress. The coarser the linen, the better effect does it obtain, as the smooth kind gets very much creased in a short time. Zephyr gowns in pale colours looked very suitable and cool.

For the first time in all the history of the Sorbonne a woman has won the highest degree which that grave institute has to offe—that of a "docteu-es lettres." Signorina Carlotta Ciprani, a beautiful Italian girl," is the new doctor of poetry, and, according to the "Morning Leader's" correspondent, she is very popular in Paris society.

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, JULY 13.

LAST Saturday, at the Crystal Palace track, the seventh annual race for the Warwardine Cup was decided in the presence of some three thousand spectators, and resulted in a win for G. A. Olley after a hard race with W. B. Dudden, who occupied second position some 150 yars in the rear. This year a new cup of solid gid was put up for competition, the original one of silver, valued at 100 guineas, having been won last year by F. D. Frost, who then secured his hird and last win to make the valuable trophy his absolute property. Originally the cup was put up for unlicensed amateurs, but C. Fontaine winning in a previous year's race at Putney in 1896, The Amateur Bi.C. the promoting club, then decided, owing to licensing troubles, to run the event for licensed amateurs and restricted the distance to 100 miles, under which conditions it has been held ever since. The first driel was held on Agaritus, but owing to the fact that the roadway in a sloppy and dangerous condition. Wheelmen recognise the necessity of watering the roads to lay the dust, hence are not striving to secure the services of Aquarius, but observe his work and report thereon to the Corporation. moderation was exercised in the amount of water used. Sprinkles modify this evil somewhat, but they are more ostly, inasmuch as their effect is shorter in duration and the rounds have accordingly to be multiplied.

The General Post Office has found the use of cycles by its telegraph boys not only a cheaper but in every way a more satisfactor means of delivering messages than any other, and although it took them some years to make this discovery, cycles in the service are now extensively used. Particularly in the provinces is the bicycle found to be a great saver of time, where messages have to be delivered at out-houses situated some miles away from the receiving office.

It has often been remarked that the majority of lady riders are more indifferen to the risk of accidents than their male companions, and the result of this has unkindly beenput down to their ignorance of the dangers thereun. A lady will rush boldly into traffic, or save greasy tramlines, helped by her conviction that no meeting with steel main from the 40" Tanna Main to the balance pocket to Ghodbunder Road, there connecting with existing 27" and continued to Malabar Hill with 32" steel Main 2,07,300
32" steel main Malabar Hill to Chopati 32,150
15" main from 21" Vehar Main at Parel Bhoiwada to Parbhadevi Road and 9" thence to Sunur Mill at a cost of 55,750
76,580
10" and 9" Main in Grant Road to enable Kamatipura to be supplied from Bhandarwada at a cost of Rs. 14,100
9" main in Lamington Road from Foreest Road to Falkland Road for the supply to Mills in the vicinity at a cost of 9,300
Total ... Rs. 5,09,950
or ... 5,30,780

a (if of steel.)
b (if of cast iron.)
c (if the 15" Main from 21" Vehar Main is to be made of cast iron.)

That the Commissioner be requested to submit at an early date the plans and estimates for additional filtering accommodation provided in his letter No. 6892, dated the 14th June 1901, together with proposals for meeting the cost of the additional filter beds.

That the Commissioner's letters No. 7370, dated the 19th June 1901 and No. 9705, dated the 19th July 1901, with accompanyments, be recorded, and the Commissioner be informed that the Corporation are of opinion that the distribution of water in the City is of a character to justify in a great measure the rule nisi applied for against the Collector for contempt of Court, Mr. Rivett-Carnac, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the appellant; and the Hon'ble Mr. Scott, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Government Solicitor, appeared for the respondent.

Their lordships took time to consider their decision.

TO-DAY'S CRICKET.

The weather, unfortunately for cricketers, is not quite settoled yet, and the matches this afternoon are likely to be interrupted by showers. The match between the Gymkhana and the Oxfordshire Light Infantry is off, as the latter are unable to raise a sufficiently strong team, owing to the absence of several officers. The team which will take the field against the Anglo-Indian C. C. is as follows :—P. M. Heath, A. C. Rumboll, P. J. Mead, J. S. Milne, A. R. Burney, C. E. Durnford, W. H. Scott, E. E. Coombe, F. Reid, and Captains Carnegy and Anderson.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Caledonia, Captain E. H. Gordon, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, and Aden with the English Mails and the following passengers :—

FOR ADEN.

Allen Mr F J
Asllanopulo Mr A N
Bliss, Mr C D A
Beyts Mr C A
Beauchamp Lieut
Christie Mr D
Dewar Mr F
Duckworth Lt R
Elchells Mr H
Elmslo Miss
Gambier Mr M Sorabjee
Hendley Dr J L
Johnson Major C E
Koen Mr J
Leask Mr and Mrs J
Mofhi Mr A
Mullen Lieut-Col J French
Nash Mr S
Robertson Mr L
Rae Mr W
Sedgwick Mr J W
Swaine Lieut-Col C L
Smith Mr H Moncrieff
Symonds Mr W P
Slaughter Col W B
Shephard Mr A W
Smith Major
Shaik Rahimtollah Mr
Stewart Mr J
Walter Mr
Waterfield Mr R
Wilson Rev Mrs R and 2 infts
Winter Dr E S

KAIRA NEWS.

OUR Kaira correspondent writes :—The situation in this district is now practically assured. The only doubtful feature has been the absence of sufficient rain in the rice villages of the Matar Taluka. Steady rain is, however, falling there now, and there is no anxiety yet. Over the remainder of the district all crops are flourishing, and with the continuance of an ordinary monsoon a bumper harvest is confidently expected.

LAW CHARGES OF THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

APPELLANTS FAIL TO APPEAR.

At the Appeal Court, composed of the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Russell, yesterday, the appeal filed by Mr. Joseph Bantleastand others, from a decision of Mr. Justice Starling in connection with the payment of Rs. 21,000 to Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., the Municipal Solicitors, was called on. As none of the parties appeared, the appeal was dismissed.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

THE WATER QUESTION.

YESTERDAY afternoon, at an adjourned meeting, Mr. D. E. Wacha presiding, the Corporation resumed the discussion on the water question.

Haji Yusuf Haji Ismail moved an amendment of the original motion, deleting the words "That before proceeding to decide that the experimental measures recommended by the committee be taken in hand." He said this referred to that recommendation which had been the cause of all the agitation and orations of the Board.

Dr. Dinshaw Master admitted there was waste of water in the City by the people, and also by the Municipality, but the guilt, he contended, was greater on the part of the Municipality. Regarding domestic consumption, he measured the quantity of water he used for his morning bath, and he found that though he used it sparingly it amounted to twenty gallons. (Laughter.) The quantity used by Europeans for their morning tub would be about forty gallons. The question of deficient water-supply was one of long standing, and he believed the only remedy would be to duplicate the main from Tansa whether it cost fifty or sixty lakhs.

Mr. Jehangir B. Petit objected to the constitution of Mr. Mehta's Committee, and suggested other names. It is contended that the arguments against meters were so weighty that they should not be introduced in the future, and they should place on record a denunciation of them to the effect that they shall not be adopted at any time. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) The London Water Companies decided not to adopt meters because they would reduce income (Mr. Mehta: Hear, hear). He asked if Mr. Mehta would accept the names he suggested for his Committee.

Mr. Mehta: Am I supposed to propose Mr. Sakhia?

Mr. J. B. Petit (feelingly): No, no. (loud laughter). He moved as a further amendment to the motion that the report of the Water Committee be recorded with a pronounced denunciation of the meter experiment recommended therein, and a special officer be appointed to test the mains, etc.

Mr. Eknath Knote seconded the amendment.

Mr. Shroff said it had been carefully calculated that the cost of metering the whole city would be half a million sterling ("more"). The cost of laying an alternative main from Tansa was put down at half a million sterling. They could get that work done without imposing a single cent of additional taxation, Mr. Hormusjee had shown that they had been recovering a large amount of water tax during the last few years; something like 2 1-2 lakhs of water taxation more than they were entitled to.

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtula: May I say a word. We have recovered 35 lakhs less than the expenditure on the Water Department during the last few years.

Mr. Shroff: That, sir, is a matter of calculation. (Loud laughter). He contended there was no necessity for meters, and no absolute necessity for laying an additional pipe from Tansa for some years to come. As to how they were to meet the present difficulties, the question was whether they had an officer who would give them an equal distribution of water. The head of the Water Department was rather obstinate in his own views. From the commencement he took charge of his duties with a sort of prejudice ("No"). It was perfectly manifest from that famous letter which caused so much uproar in the City he was not only cantankerous, and quarrelled on every side with the living, but he was even quarrelling with the dead (Laughter). Mr. Bruce said that from the date of his appointment to his present post it was apparent to him that the defects existing in the design and construction of the water works, which, unless remedied and counteracted, must result in an insufficient water-supply. They knew what eminent men designed their water works, and here was an officer who had the courage to say that defects existed in the design and construction of the water works ("so they do"). Did that not prove that he quarrelled with the dead. (Laughter). It showed that he was a person who condemned everybody and everything. They should ask him whether, with the materials at his disposal, he was in a position to give an equal distribution of water in the City. If he said "no" then out of self-respect he should retire. All this hue and cry had arisen because of the whim of one person. There was no such thing as anarchy in the time of former officers. ("But there was.")

Mr. Aitken thought it would be well if somebody could invent a meter for recording oratory (Mr. Cuffe: And charge for it). He agreed with the Hon Mr. Mehta about the want of light coming to them from most of the speeches made at the ratepayers' meeting and elsewhere. The one idea appeared to be that if they got meters they would pay more for the water. But he never heard anybody say that milk was dear in Bombay because it was sold by measurement. Meters had no connection whatever with the price to be paid for water. It was clear that meters must be the most absolutely just and economical way of distributing the water, because people would only have to pay for exactly what they used or wasted. It was pointed out by Mr. Rebsch that the rate at which water was now charged for the cost of water by meter would be heavier than it is, and that the proposal for reducing the rate for water should accompany the introduction of meters. Mr. Santo Crimp told him (Mr. Aitken) that the waste of water from the stand pipes in Bombay was something fearful. But he didn't need an expert to tell him that. He referred to the letters quoted by Mr. Santo Crimp's was not opposed to the view of Mr. Tomlinson, Mr. Murzban, Mr. Snow and Mr. Bruce. Mr. Santo Crimp said that meters were a necessary if certain other measures were adopted. Mr. Santo Crimp was not an expert on the manners and customs of the people of this country. He suggested an inspection staff, but let them not be a staff of people running up and down looking after running taps and imagine the harvest of four anna pieces they would secure (laughter) in regard to that portion of the resolution referring to the return of Mr. Sargant, Member of the Water Engineer's Department he suggested that it should be dropped. (Hear, hear.) It was possible there were two sides to the question, and the Corporation were not in a position to judge. It was exceedingly difficult for a man to do good work if every popular clamour raised against him was taken up, and if he had a hundred masters to serve. He had seen a letter from a former officer of the Municipality in which he said: "I see Mr. Bruce is running the waterworks. I will be forced to get away from Bombay, as I was. They could guess who that officer was.

Sir Bhalchandra Krishna hoped Mr. Mehta would not withdraw the latter portion of the resolution, as that was the vital part of it. He agreed that Mr. Bruce was honest and upright, but discretion, sympathy, tact, and courtesy were also necessary in the head of a department. (Hear, hear). He was forced to say that Mr. Bruce in the administration of the Water Department had shown a great lack of these qualities. In sending that historical letter he condemned himself, for works had been sanctioned by the Corporation which had not been carried out.

Mr. Hormusjee and Mr. K. N. Wadia having spoken, the Hon. Mr. Mehta replied on the debate reiterating his opposition to the introduction of meters. In regard to the officer to be appointed to test the mains, etc., he withdrew the word "Municipal," as he saw it might be advisable to appoint an outsider. He also agreed to add Mr. Gamadea, Dr. Dadachanji, and Mr. Manmohandas Ramji to his proposed Committee.

Mr. J. B

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE GRANT TO LORD ROBERTS.

The "Voice of India" observes:—The proposed grant of a hundred thousand pounds to Lord Roberts is none too much for the signal service he has rendered to his country in connection with the war in South Africa. Though a soldier by profession, Earl Roberts is personally a man of peace. We believe he was not in favour of the invasion of the Boer territories, and took the field more in defence than in a spirit of savage aggression. His conduct of the war was as humane as could be desired under the circumstances. Altogether, then, Lord Roberts has well earned a special grant, and we are glad his country intends making it even in her depressed condition. It shows not only that England is generous, but also that she has a wonderful command of resources.

LORD NORTHCOTE AT BELGAUM.

The "Rast Goftar" eulogises the sympathetic address of Lord Northcote at Belgaum, and remarks:—Nothing could exceed the sympathetic and kindly ring in Lord Northcote's speech at Belgaum on Tuesday last. The reply to the address of the Municipality was as statesmanlike as it was persuasive and well conceived, and in it may as well be read the man as the statesman. Lord Northcote has given us many a proof of his deep sympathetic nature, and the present utterance is but one more pledge of his earnest desire not only to avert existing calamities, but to raise us higher in the scale of national improvement. His Lordship expressed the hope that "the trials through which Bombay will have passed will not have been wholly unmixed evils if they prove to have had for their result the drawing closer together of all classes of his Majesty's subjects in sympathy with one another's trials."

NATIVE LADIES OF BOMBAY AND MR. JUSTICE RANADE.

Commenting on the resolution of the native ladies of Bombay to raise a separate memorial of their own in honour of the late Mr. Justice Ranade, the "Voice of India" says:—Mr. Ranade's efforts to raise the status of Indian womanhood are well known; and it was in the fitness of things that the ladies of Bombay should have given public expression to their sense of sorrow at the untimely death of their veteran champion, and resolved to commemorate specifically his services to the cause of woman's progress. The movement, thus initiated by Bombay ladies, may, we trust, win the hearty support of their sisters in other presidencies, including their friends and sympathizers in the ranks of European ladies. By the bye, we note with pleasure the fact that several Hindu ladies took an active part in the proceedings of the meeting in which the above resolution was passed. Incidents like these, though small in themselves, testify to the progress made by Indian ladies, and are sure to create fresh hope and confidence in the mind of many a despairing Social Reformer.

LORD CROMER.

The "Kaiser-i-Hind" states there cannot be two opinions as to the Earldom just conferred by his sovereign on Viscount Cromer. Our contemporary adds: The step that he has earned is, indeed, a well-deserved reward for his signal and almost invaluable services in Egypt, the politics and finances of which country he has administered with such unsurpassed brilliancy and success for the last twelve years. The student of European politics has simply to go back to the year after the victory of Tel-El-Kabir to recall the condition of Egypt and to compare it with that prevailing today to realise the marvellous work Lord Cromer has been able to achieve with the hearty co-operation of that small but stalwart band of Britishers, experts in engineering, law and finance, men like Moncrieff, Willcocks, Scott, and others. In the regeneration of Egypt under Lord Cromer, who, we must not omit to say, has been able by his great diplomatic talents to allay the rivalries and jealousies of the Great Powers supposed to have an interest in Egyptian affairs, we see to the fullest and at its best the genius of the Anglo-Saxon for a firm government, resolute but progressive, free, yet well organised, and well controlled, well protected, and well equipped as much with the arts of war as of peace.

The "Voice of India" writes; Lord Cromer has fully earned his Earldom. Those alone who know the difficulties of managing and consolidating a foreign country, under sufferance, and with the eyes of foreign critics ever and anon on the watch, can realise the value to the world of Earl Cromer's splendid administration of Egypt. That he has worked herein for the benefit of England primarily it would be absured to deny; but it is admitted even by fair-minded continental critics that in so working Lord Cromer has helped on the cause of civilization all around. To the cool-headed masterly grasp of the civilian administrator he adds the decision of the born soldier. And it is to this combination of qualities that H. H. the Khedive owes the success of his regime in the financial, judicial, and other departments, and the removal of that inertia which is generally inseparable from Oriental administration.

THE TOWN HALL MEETING.

Speaking the Town Hall meeting on the Land Revenue Bill, the "Kaiser-i-Hind discourses:—If there were any Government officials present they must have fairly gauged the depth of the feeling and the sentiments which unanimously swayed the surging audience. The speakers, too, from the eloquent president who is such a past master in the art of platform oratory, and knows how to say the right thing in the right terms, to the humblest unit of the deputation who had had his humble, but all the same, earnest say—all were animated by the single desire to inform the Government of the true character of the measure, its utter futility to cure the evil it was so anxious for, with the best of intentions, and the wisdom, therefore, of respecting popular opinion by the abandonment of the ill-advised legislation. In short, the meeting was a democratic demonstration of a most respectful and constitutional character, which cannot but leave its deep impression on the impartial onlooker, and once more emphasise Lord Cromer's observation as to the sobriety of political activity in Bombay.

The "Gujerati" remarks: No measure of government has in recent years evoked such strong and universal feeling of anxiety and alarm as the little innocent Bill which was introduced at Mahableshwar. That feeling has already been demonstrated in the shape of public meetings that have been held at different places, and yesterday's meeting at the Town Hall well brought that feeling to a focus. It is not possible for us this week to refer to the points dwelt upon by the various speakers. It ought to suffice to point out that if Government still think after acquainting themselves with the views and feelings to which expression was given at the Town Hall that they can dispose of arguments on the other side by the bare assertion that they are based on unaccountable misapprehensions, nothing will convince them of the unwisdom of the position they have taken in introducing a momentous Bill without allowing the public directly concerned an adequate opportunity for discussion and criticism and without a public and impartial inquiry into the question of agricultural indebtedness.

ON TRUFFLES.

Oak Trees of beech trees: these, I believe, are the necessaries of life to Tuber æstivum; and hidden away in the recesses of their roots lie in this country, probably, truffles innumerable.

We cultivate and produce mushrooms in huge quantities; in season and out, they are in full evidence. Yet nobody has tried to cultivate the truffle, and rarely indeed to secure it, even when it is known to exist.

I could walk blindfold to a spot in a private park where in my youth quantities of the truffle were found, and a small white poodle, once owned by a gipsy, unearthed many a noble specimen. For twenty years and more the soil has been undisturbed underneath those magnificent beech trees; nobody has sought for truffles since those days, though there is every reason to know they must exist. The superiority of the bottled and imported specimen to the fresh truffle as it emerges from Mother Earth seems a very real reason why the sport of truffle-hunting should be cultivated. Yet it is rare indeed to find a truffle dog in existence where everything points to a fine crop of the savoury relish.

Probably many a poodle could be duly trained, and that without great difficulty, being an exceptionally intelligent dog. For in Umbria, where truffles constitute quite an industry, the peasants have employed pigs (for centuries, it is said), trained entirely by themselves, in the harvest of the truffle.

No doubt pigs have reasons of their own, and offer small difficulty in this utilization of their services. But if half the the trouble were taken on our own beech and oak woods, there seems no doubt that we could ourselves secure a good supply.

That truffle dog we employed, a small, somewhat leggy specimen, would unearth sometimes a pound weight, sometimes much less. And from the winter season we thus extracted much pleasure in the dullest part of the Dorsetshire rural regions. The dog must be led, or he is apt to roam, and carefully guided to likely localities. We began his training by burying truffles in a garden; his quick powers of scent soon did the rest. Each time he found a truffle it was taken from him, and a small piece of raw beef given him in exchange. This was carried in pieces the size of a dice in a small box; and from finding a whole truffle he was soon taught to recover the smallest fragment.

A small hand was taken to assist and direct his labours. Gradually he was taken further afield, and I can call to mind with greatest exactness the satisfaction with which the education progressed. The first fish, the first partridge have not more delight to offer than the first truffle, and the element of uncertainty attaching to all true sport is naturally predominant in truffle-hunting.

Transitory as woodcock—with a living period in the woods, and a migration or departure quite as well-timed—the truffle is generally somewhere at hand, in the chalky soil of beech woods, in Dorset, Kent, Surrey, from early October to the end of March.

No doubt from Italy the trained truffle dog could be obtained, specially in the districts round Spoleto and Norcia: or Perugia could be made headquarters, and abundance of good truffle sport could then be had. The white truffle as well as the black is found there in abundance, though the strong aroma of the former is distasteful to some people. As regards the black truffle, the scent acts like a good "spoor" to the tracker in a rural region.

Many theories have been advanced for the growth of the truffle; probably it is a fungus attaching itself to rootlets of the beech and oak tree. A foreign commentator has mentioned sowing a plot of ground with acorns as a plantation—a method of securing truffles found practicable in Southern France. Anyhow there are untried and unreverared acres where truffles must, and do exist. As a market produce of value, and a sport fit for the keenest hunter, there is no reason why we should not push farther the search for specimens.

FREEDOM IN RUSSIA.

Captain Ernest Rason, R.N., in the "United Service Gazette" writes:—Half a century ago, before the Crimean war, the Russian peasants were at their lowest depths of servitude; no freedom of any sort was permitted either in speech, in writing, or in dress, and any deviation from the accepted standard of Russian costume was sure to meet with punishment sooner or later. No peasant or merchant dared to appear in public except in the dress of his class, whilst the Tsar himself looked after the behaviour of the Russian aristocracy in St. Petersburg and Moscow. The peasant was entirely at the mercy of his owner, and could be flogged as caprice, cupidity, or anger of his lord directed. The peasant might be sold, much the same as black slaves in America, but notwithstanding his low estate the peasant did not utterly lose his self-esteem. "Our backs belong to our master, but our thoughts are our own," was a phrase often in the mouths of Russian peasants; and it is not the utterance of an utterly slavish mind. An old peasant sentenced to be whipped for some fault was begged off by a lady, but he refused to accept this kindness, and said that he would not be the first to assist in breaking old customs, and so bared his back to the executioner and received the allotted number of stripes. It is true that the knout had been abolished some years, but there was still Siberia for aristocrat and peasant alike and accompanied on the part of the latter by whipping and birching.

A great change came over Russia after the Crimean war, and she commenced to expand in every way in consequence of the peasant being made free. The freedom of the Russian peasant, unlike the freeing of the French peasant by the emancipation of the negro slave, was not accompanied by any social rising such as preceded the liberation of the slaves in America, or the terrible convulsions which accompanied the freeing of the peasant in France. The United States is but just recovered from her experiment, whilst France is still struggling in the throes of emancipation, and has not yet, at the end of a century, acquired throughly settled ideas of freedom. That Russia has almost entirely escaped any evil effects is not purely on account of the stolidity of the peasant, but chiefly on account of the judicious manner in which liberty has been given. Authorities accustomed to the government of men know that there is little danger of disturbance when restraint is being increased, but that the dangerous period is when liberty is too suddenly and freely given, and this idea is behind the conservative policy of the Russian Government.

To-day in Russia no peasant can be struck with impunity. Peasants who forty years ago were at the absolute mercy of their lords or mistresses have no fear to-day of a blow; and such is the change of opinion in Russia that when quite recently a nobleman, assisted by two policemen, administered a good thrashing to a drunken blackguard who was heading a few other drunken men in disturbing the peace of a village, the peasant summoned the noble and the policemen for assault, and, the assult being proved, the nobleman was sentenced to a term of exile in Siberia, whilst the two policeman received a year's imprisonment each. Another case in point is where a merchant placed some nails point upwards on his gate to keep small boys from swinging on it. By accident a boy ran one of the nails into his foot, and, the father summoning the merchant, the court fined the merchant severely, besides sentencing him to pay an indemnity to the father of the boy. Still more recently a youth who was left at home when his parents were away amused himself by teasing a boy who was a servant in the house. For this he was sentenced by the court who tried him to several days' imprisonment. The ill-treatment was not at all severe, and was not more than any new boy might be subjected to in an ordinary English school.

Notwithstanding the statements in some British papers the censorship of the Russian Press is not so terrible as is made out. It is true that no criticism is permitted of the acts of the Emperor in any paper nor of his representatives, the governors of the various provinces, in the local provincial papers; but criticism of any department is permitted, and most liberal and even advanced ideas were allowed to be expressed amongst the flood of letters which filled the Press on the subject of the students' riots; in fact, almost absolute liberty was allowed. It is true that no actual account of what took place was permitted to be published, except the version authorised by the Government; but, so far as discussion of the question went, free debate was allowed, so much so that a letter was published from a student advocating resistance until the students were granted absolute freedom outside lecture hours with permission to elect an administrative body from among the students, which body was to arrange all matters concerning the students during their off hours, and was to have the same power in enforcing its decisions as the Government had, whilst its announcements were to have the same authority as a ukase of the Emperor.

STRENGTHENING THE NAVY.

STATEMENT BY THE FIRST LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY.

As telegraphed, an important statement on naval affairs was made in the House of Lords on Friday [illegible] Lord Salborne, First Lord of the Treasury, in reply to a question put by Lord Spencer as to the types selected for the ships in the shipbuilding programme of the year.

Lord Salborne observed that with regard to the strength at which the Navy was to be maintained, he did not intend to diminish the old "two Power" standard; but he held that the Navy ought to be so strong that it could have a reasonable certainty of success in the performance of any duty which it was probable that it would be called upon to undertake. Once for all, he might state that the Admiralty alone had in its possession information as regards not only the number, but the exact state and condition of the ships of all foreign maritime Powers. He declined to accept the view that the Mediterranean station ought to be regarded as a [illegible] itself. It must be considered, not by itself, but in connection with the Channel and the approaches to the Channel.

In answer to Lord Spencer's question respecting our new ships he might say that in the remaining months of this year, up to January 1, 1902, we should have completed three of the Cressy class including the Cressy, and four of the Formidable class, including the Implacable, and we should also receive the last two of the Canopus class. In the first six months of next year—namely, to June 30, 1902—we should receive two more of the Cressy class, two more of the Formidable class, one of the Monmouth class, and three Drakes. Therefore, it would be seen that within the next year we should have a very important and powerful addition of new ships of which assignment could be made to improve in quantity or quality the squadrons to which one had referred. He had been asked whether the Mediterranean Fleet was strong enough to do its work in time of war. He replied with the fullest sense of his responsibility, that the Mediterranean Fleet, on its war footing, would be absolutely adequate for any task that we could foresee would be assigned to it.

The noble lord opposite had asked him to describe the new type of ships which it was proposed to lay down. The ten new destroyers would be generally made of a similar type to the latest 30-knot destroyer, with the same gun and torpedo armament, and would be of slightly increased size and engine power. They would, however, be stronger in construction, but there would be no real diminution in their sea-going speed. The third-class cruisers would be, roughly, about 3,000 tons and they would develop a speed of about 21 1-2 to 21 3-4 knots. The new armoured cruisers in speed and protection would be almost identical with the Monmouth class. The battleships would be of quite a new type, and heavily armoured. The first ship of this class would be His Majesty's premises to be called the King Edward, while the two others would in recognition of loyal way in which the Colonies had rallied round his throne be named respectively the Dominion and the Commonwealth.

The shipbuilding programme may be tabulated as follows:—

SHIPS TO BE READY FOR SEA.

Three of the Cressy Class.
Four of the Formidable Class.
Two of the Canopus Class.

By the end of 1901.

Two of the Cressy Class.
Two of the Formidable Class.
One of the Monmouth Class.
Three of the Drake Class.

By 30th June, 1902.

NEW SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMME.

Three battleships (King Edward, Dominion, and Commonwealth), *new type*, 16,500 tons displacement, speed 18 1-2 knots; four 12-in. guns, four 9·2 guns, ten 6-in. guns.

Six armoured cruisers, 9,800 tons displacement, speed 23 knots; a single 7·5 gun fore and aft.

Ten destroyers of the 30-knot type, but stronger than previous destroyers and with greater coal capacity. They are to run at about 27 knots, and not at actual speed of 30 knots.

Eight old vessels to be struck off the Navy List.

Lord Goschen gave expression to a hope that the speech of the First Lord of the Admiralty would allay the panic for which there was no justification whatever.

POONA STEEPLECHASES 1901.

FIRST ENTRIES CLOSED ON TUESDAY, JULY 30.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21,

The Poona Grand National—Distance about 2 1-4 miles

1 Mr Montgomery's ch aus g Sarcholder by The Broker—Richmond mare
2 Mr J B's b aus g Marwari aged
3 Capt Swann's b aus m La Debutant
4 Capt C F Parry's b aus g The Dane aged
5 Mr R W Harter's br aus g The Clown aged
6 Major Browne's b e and Loyalty aged
7 Mr Percy Fischer's b aus m Mitchester

The Kirkee Chase—Distance about 2 miles over the Pony Steeplechase Course

1 Mr F W Barrett's b e m Little Jane 13 1 2
2 Mr Montgomery's ch a h Rud igore 13 2 1-2
3 Lt Col Croly's g a h Rosalnde 4 0 1-2
4 Mr Westropp's b aus m Wargs 13 3
5 H H ga Khan's b a h Helios 11 0
6 Mr W S Anthony's ch aus m Darling 11 1 pedigree unknown
7 Mr Percy Fischer's ch a g Hurlingham 13 2 1-2
8 Mr Percy Fischer's g aus g Good Boy 14 0 3-4

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25,

The Poonna Grand Annual—Distance about 2 1-4 miles.

1 Mr Montgomery's ch aus g Shareholder
2 Messrs Anderson and Co's ch aus g Vedette by Battalous—Lady Killea aged.
3 Mr J B's b aus g Marwari aged
4 Mr Lyndon's ch aus g Medowrs aged
5 Capt Swann's b aus m La Debutant
6 Capt C F Parry's b aus g The Dane aged
7 Mr R W Harter's br aus g The Clown aged
8 Major Westropp's b e Loyalty aged
9 Mr Percy Fischer's b aus m Mitchester.

The Ganeshkhind Chase—Distance about 2 miles. Over the Pony Steeplechase Course.

1 Mr F W Barrett's b e m Little Jane 13 1 2
2 Mr Montgomery's ch a h Ruddigore 13 2 1-2
3 Lieut Col Croly's g a h Rossaine 4 0 1-2
4 Mr Westropp's b aus m Warree 13 3
5 H H Aga Khan's b a h Helios 11 0
6 Mr W S Anthony's ch aus m Darling 11 1
7 Mr Percy Fischer's ch a g Hurlingham 13 2 1-2
8 Mr Percy Fischer's g aus g Good Boy 14 0 3-4

THE LE MESURIER CASE.

ACTION BY THE FIRST WIFE.

The case of Mr. Le Mesurier, which has been the subject of Parliamentary discussion, and of several legal arguments in camera, came before Mr. Justice Kekewich in the Chancery Division, on July 10th, when Mrs. Juliette Le Mesurier sought to recover between £5,000 and £6,000 from her husband.

Mr. Le Mesurier, an Englishman, was formerly in the Civil service in Ceylon, and in 1883, in London, he married a French lady, the plaintiff in the present action. The parties elected to be governed with regard to their marriage rights as to property by the French law, and accordingly a marriage settlement was drawn up in the French language and form. In September, 1895, Mr. Le Mesurier obtained a decree of dissolution against his wife in a Ceylonese Court, which was reversed on appeal, the Privy Council holding that the Ceylonese Court had no jurisdiction. Meanwhile, in 1895, the defendant had remarried, and for the purpose of doing so had along with his second wife, a lady of birth, adopted the Moslem faith. This marriage was solemnised under Moslem rites. In consequence of the incongruity of a British civil servant being a Mahomedan, Mr. Le Mesurier lost his appointment, and his dismissal was the subject of debate in the House of Commons on several occasions. In 1896 the first Mrs. Le Mesurier obtained a decree of separation in the District Court of Colombo, and in 1899 the defendant returned to England, proceedings having since ensued with regard to the custody of the three children of the first marriage.

Mrs. Juliette Le Mesurier now claimed that under the French marriage settlement the defendant was bound to account to her for the separate property he was receiving on her behalf during the continuance of the marriage or interest from the date of the decree of separation, the total being, according to her case, 135,621 francs.

The defendant pleaded domicile in England and that there was no settlement of the kind alleged.

Mrs. Le Mesurier on going into the box stated that the income from her property was sent to Messrs. Cox and Co., bankers, Charing-cross, by Monsieur Paul Cossart, French notary, who held a power of attorney to sell part of the property.

Mr. Sergeant (for the plaintiff); It is set up in defence that your property was applied with your consent for the support of your children?—That is not true.

And that the defendant expended for your benefit and the benefit of your children sums out of his personal property, which he is entitled to set off against the £5,000?—That is not true.

Has certain land belonging to you been sold during the marriage by Mons. Cossart and the proceeds sent to Messrs. Cox and Co. on Mr. Le Mesurier's account?—Yes.

Has Mr. Le Mesurier since the separation paid you anything on account of those sums, or any interest?—No.

Cross-examined by Mr. Crisps, K.C.: Prior to 1891 had you been on tour round the world?—Yes.

And jointly with your husband had you spent a great deal more than your income?—I don't know anything about that. I have never had the management of my money.

Before 1884 were you not spending lavishly?—No I never spent lavishly.

Was not your style of living at that time very much more than the income your husband received from the Government would bear?—No I don't think so

And did you not mutually get into great difficulties? Oh, no: never.

And in 1884 had you great need of money?—I know nothing at all about that. I don't think so.

And in consequence you determined, with the consent of your husband, to realise part of your property in France?—No; it is not true.

And Mr. Le Mesurier proposed that the property should be reinvested?—Yes, in my name, not for anyone's debts.

Were you on good terms with him?—No.

And he was not on good terms with you?—We were never on very good terms at any time.

Haven't you given your own receipt to M. Cossart for the sums realised?—I don't remember. I have never at any time signed any accounts presented to me.

Have you on many occasions discussed with your husband your financial position?—Never.

Let me refresh your memory—You could not refresh it; I am quite certain.

M. Paul Cossart, French doctor of law, sworn, produced a certified copy of the marriage contract and stated that from time to time he sold the plaintiff's movable property under the power of attorney, ending the proceeds to Messrs. Cox and Co. and furnishing accounts to Mr. and Mrs. Le Mesurier.

M. Maxime de Gorostarzu, French advocate, stated that under the French settlement the plaintiff's separate property remained her own, but the husband was entitled to administer it, with the liability of being called upon to account under a deed of separation or divorce.

Assuming that during the marriage the personal property of the wife was sold and, the proceeds paid to the husband, would he be liable to account for it under a decree of separation?—Undoubtedly.

Assuming that he had applied it to excessive expenditure, would he be liable to account?—Yes, even if he had expended it with the consent of the wife, because it was not a reinvestment. He would be liable to pay interest from the date of application in 1900.

The hearing was adjourned.

A COSTLY TOUR.

On the resumption, next day, M. de Gorostarzu was further questioned at length by Mr. Crispe as to the character of the settlement. The effect of his version was that Mrs. Le Mesurier was entitled to recover, and that under the French law it would be no defence to say the money had been spent at the request of the plaintiff.

Mrs. Le Mesurier, recalled, denied that her husband's estates in Ceylon, consisting of tea plantations, were purchased with her money, and were settled upon her and her children for their benefit.

The defendant then went into the witness-box. He first of all denied his wife's statement that she and he had never been on very good terms. They were on very good terms up to the end of 1887. When they were married he was on leave on half-pay.

Mr. Crispe: What was your income when you were married?—About £220 a year. When I returned to Ceylon my income was about £350.

How long were you on leave?—Two years.

And all you were receiving from the Government was £220 a year?—Yes.

What was your income from other sources at that time?—About £200 a year.

And what was your wife's income?—£250.

When you were married, did you make a tour which lasted about a year?—Yes. We went to several places in Europe, then to Egypt, Ceylon, and India.

Were you keeping within your income at that time?—No; we were spending a great deal more. I should say on that trip we spent about £2,000.

And in consequence you became short of money?—Yes.

Did your wife know what your joint income was?—Perfectly.

In all your communications did you find her a woman of intelligence?—Yes. She was a very shrewd woman.

She could understand documents which were given her to sign?—Yes.

Is there any truth in her statement that she did not understand the various letters and documents in regard to her property?—None whatever.

Was she spending money on herself?—We spent it together. We had a common account with Messrs. Cox and Co, Charing-cross, and she drew on the account frequently. We drew out money from time to time for travelling for common expenses and for the upkeep of my estates in Ceylon.

What was the magnitude of the estates?—One was 200 acres and the other 300 acres.

Did you hold the estates in your own name?—As a Government servant I was not allowed to do so, and my father acted as my trustee.

How were they ultimately dealt with?—At the end of 1895, at my request, my father transferred them to my wife, in the name of a trustee acting for her.

And she knew that they represented part of the money which was originally hers?—Yes.

In 1889 did you mutually agree to separate?—Yes, and before going away she executed a re-transfer of this property to my father for the benefit of her two children in Ceylon, and the estates remained in his hands until the leases ran out.

Mr. Sergeant objected, on behalf of the plaintiff, that this was not raised in the defendant's pleadings.

Mr. Crispe asked leave to amend, and his lordship, although admitting that it was hard upon Mr. Sergeant, granted leave, the amended pleadings to be handed in so that the case might be proceeded with on July 17th.

POONA EXTRA MEETINGS IN AUGUST 1901.

Saturday, 3rd August, Saturday, 17th August Wednesday, 21st August, and Saturday, 24th August

ADMISSION.

FIRST ENCLOSURE.

SEASON TICKET for above 4 days including separate tickets for 2 ladies, ...Rs. 15
Additional Season Tickets for ladies, each ...Rs. 4
(Ladies' tickets are transferable.)

DAY TICKET—(including admission one Lady) .....Rs. 5
Day ticket for ladies ..... each Rs. 2

SECOND ENCLOSURE.

Day Ticket ..... Rs. 1-8
Soldiers in uniform ..... Re. 1-0
Ladies ..... Rs. 0-8.

Season Tickets can be obtained at the Office, W I T C., 20, Queen's Gardens, up to noon, 3rd August or at the Race Course on Race days.

Day Tickets are obtainable at the Race Course only on Race days.

Owners who have entered for the Meeting will receive free Tickets on application at the Office, 20, Queen's Gardens.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
20 Queen's Gardens, Poona, 27th July, 1901.

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DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL, *Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.*
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"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."
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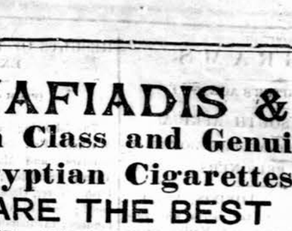

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HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

A YOUNG Turkish officer belonging to the Arsenal recently joined the cricket club of Constantinople, which has its ground on the Okmeidan, above the village of Hasskeny, a suburb of Constantinople, where the Imperial Arsenal is established, and attended some of its practices. The fact of his associating with Europeans appears to have attracted the attention of the ubiquitous spy, who denounced him to the authorities, and during a scratch match he was arrested by the police and marched off the field. He has not since been seen or heard of, and it is feared that he may have been imprisoned or exiled.

A labour party meeting in London is attended chiefly by lazy people who are more accustomed to loafing and growling than to labour. In Australia, on the other hand, the man works as well as talks. One respects him, and he thinks for himself. He has no sympathy for the "Little Englander." Among my first impressions of Brisbane, and I think this one is not at fault, is that there appears to be in Australia in proportion to the population an extraordinary number of men of good breeding, brain-power, and energy. These are partly men from home and partly descendants of the adventurous pioneers of the old days, and they form a class from which this democracy, if it is wise, can easily find its best representatives in the Federal and local Parliament.—"Morning Post."

In spite of the proverbial query, there is often a "great deal in a name," syllabically at any rate. Lady Magheramorne has just been celebrating a birthday, and that reminds me of a story of a servant's ingenuity when face to face with this somewhat formidable title. Lady Magheramorne was, one evening shortly after Sir James M'Garel Hogg's promotion to the peerage, visiting an old friend's house to be present at a dance with her daughter. The old family butler who received them knew them well, but his cordial though respectful bow was converted into a stare of amazement when the card bearing the new title was handed to him. He was too well trained a servant to ask questions, so upstairs he led them, card in hand, and, when he had taken one more furtive and despairing glance at the undecipherable pasteboard, he threw open the door, and in loud tones announced, "The late Lady Hogg and the late Miss Hogg?"

Mr. Kenneth MacKenzie Clark who has created the sensation in yachting circles by his belated offer to race his yacht Kariad against Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock II., with a view to the winner's competing for the America Cup, is one of the big Paisley thread manufacturers, and is probably a millionaire. When not engaged in yachting or some kindred sport, he is a very keen and enterprising man of business, greatly esteemed in commercial circles for his ability and affability, and much liked by the workers in his mills. Since the practical retirement of his uncle, Mr. Stewart Clark, of Dundas Castle, Edinburgh, he is the chief partner in the firm of Clark and Co., Paisley, and since the fusion of that firm with the larger concern of J. and P. Coats, he has been on the board of the huge thread "combine," and is reckoned one of its shrewdest directors. A comparatively young man, he was but recently married, and lives part of the year at his fine Paisley villa, Netherhill, and in the summer season chiefly on the Clydeside. He is much given to charity, being in particular beneficently inclined towards the young.

The paragraph in the Report of the Select Committee of the Lords on the procedure in Lord Russell's trial which prescribed the wearing of their robes by the Peers on the occasion of the trial of Earl Russell would have seemed curious to the Peers of former generations. Till the commencement of the nineteenth century Peers were always robed when in the House of Peers. Copley's painting of the fatal illness of Lord Chatham in the House of lords in April, 1778, represents the assembled Peers in their robes. Judges who were members of the House of Lords wore their official robes long after the other Peers had abandoned the practice. Lord Denman, who as Chief Justice of England was raised to the Peerage in 1834, was the first member of the Judiciary who sat in the House of Lords in ordinary attire.

A society for the protection of French scenery has been formed under the presidency of M. Sully-Prudhomme, and the vice-presidency of M. Frederic Mistral, the poet. Its object is to resist, wherever it may be possible, disfigurements to the landscape of every kind, but principally those which are caused by the encroachments of commerce and of the advertiser. It will publish periodically a list of spots where beauty is threatened, and will endeavour to exercise pressure upon the local and other authorities, so that the evil may be averted either by ransom or by the application of existing powers. A considerable number of well-known artists and literary men are among the members.

The Jewish schools find it increasingly difficult to devote enough time to the study of Hebrew even after adopting phonetic methods of teaching. It is necessary for the pupil to spend on acquiring the language about half a dozen hours a week, if he is to be able to use it affectively in his devotions. Yet at the same time his general education ought not to be allowed to suffer. Moreover, it is worse than useless to teach him the Hebrew without also instructing him in the meaning of the Jewish religion, to which Hebrew is the pathway. The problem is really similar to that occasioned by the Jew's observance of Saturday, which compels him to confine his working week to five days. The tone of the Jewish Press is at the moment somewhat discouraged, owing to the broad fact that in England the cessation of race animosity has dissolved one of the strongest bonds that held the community together.

In an article on "The Imported Arabian Horse" it was suggested that the ideal army remount could be secured by crossing the Arab horse with Welsh, Exmoor New Forest, or Fell district ponies. A correspondent mentions the Connemara ponies, which are probably better adapted for the purpose than any other class of pony bred in the United Kingdom. They have great vigour, strength, and hardiness; they are wonderfully intelligent and docile; and, owing to the length of the crown of the teeth and strength of the jaws, they are able to thrive on hard, dry plants when grass is not procurable. By careful selection, even without the introduction of Arab blood, Connemara could furnish a plentiful supply of excellent remounts.

It is gravely proposed that the King and Queen should drive some half-dozen miles through London on their way to the Coronation ceremony next year. Queen Victoria's Coronation kept her in the Abbey for nearly five hours, every moment of which was trying. Next year two persons will be crowned, and this will presumably occupy a still longer time. The physical powers of Kings and Queens are limited. A progress of the Sovereigns through London as soon as may be after the Coronation would undoubtedly be greeted with acclamation by the people.

The late Dr. Edward Riggal, the dispersal of whose library was concluded at Sotheby's, possessed a few interesting books. Editiones principes in original cloth of Fitzgerald's "Polonius," 1852, a presentation copy, made 10 guineas, against £11 10s. paid for one with notes and corrections in the author's autograph last February; "Six Dramas of Calderon," 1853, immediately withdrawn from circulation, £11 compare with £14 in February and "Salamon and Absal" 1856, £22 whereas an example brought £31 in May. An assignment of lands in Colchester, dated 1723, and signed by Daniel Defoe and his daughter, Hannah, made £31 10s.; the rare first edition, 1762, of Goldsmith's "Mystery Revealed," £7 10s.; Thomas Gray's copy of the "Peerage of England," 1714, with notes in his hand, £13; a Cruikshank collection including some original sketches, £220; Southey's original MS. of "Robin Hood," £5 15s; and Raynald's "Byrth Mankynd," black letter, 1540, £24 10s.

Sir Robert Finlay, K.C., LL.D., whose knighthood dates from 1895, when he became Solicitor-General, is fifty-nine. As Attorney-General, a post to which he attained on the elevation of Lord Alverstone to the Chief Justiceship last year, Sir Robert Finlay is alike popular in political and legal circles. It is thirty-four years since he was called to the Bar, and before studying for the law he graduated in medicine at Edinburgh University. With the exception of the years 1883-4, Sir Robert has represented the Inverness Burghs since 1885. A devotee of golf, the Attorney-General spends most of the time he is free from Parliamentary and legal engagements at his country house adjoining the golf links at Nairn.

Viscount Wendover, Earl Carrington's six-year old heir made his debut in public at High Wycombe the other day by opening an At Home and Sale of work on behalf of the Church of England Waifs' and Strays' Society. He was accompanied by his mother, Countess Carrington, and his sisters, Ladies Ruperta Myee and Victoria Carrington. He was received by a young ladies' choir with a song of welcome, and presented with a bouquet by the little daughter of the Rev. E. S. Shaw, Vicar of Wycombe, who introduced him to a large company. Then, mounting a table, the little Lord Wendover said: "The At Home is open."

In connection with the change in proprietorship of "The Leeds Mercury," Mr. Thomas Riach, its present editor, has held that post since January, 1897. He joined the reporting staff of "The Mercury" twenty-seven years ago, and represented the paper in the Parliamentary of the House of Commons from 1881 till 1897, when he became assistant editor. Mr. Riach, who is in his forty-sixth year, is the younger brother of Mr. Alexander Riach, editor of "The Edinburgh Evening Dispatch," and was trained to journalism in a newspaper office in Elgin—the birthplace of a host of distinguished journalists.

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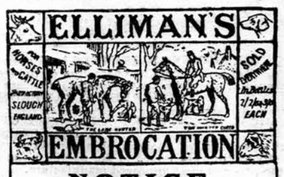

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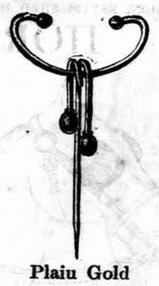

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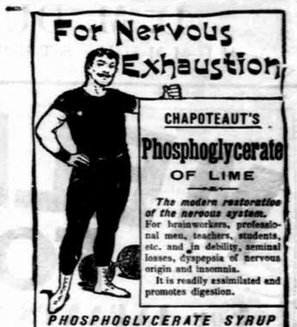
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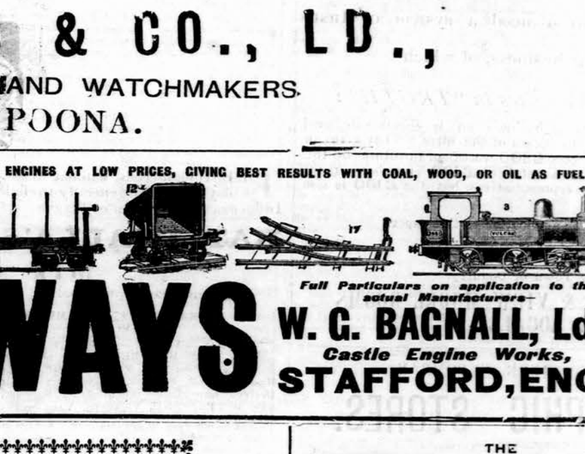

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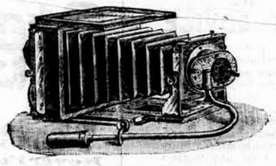

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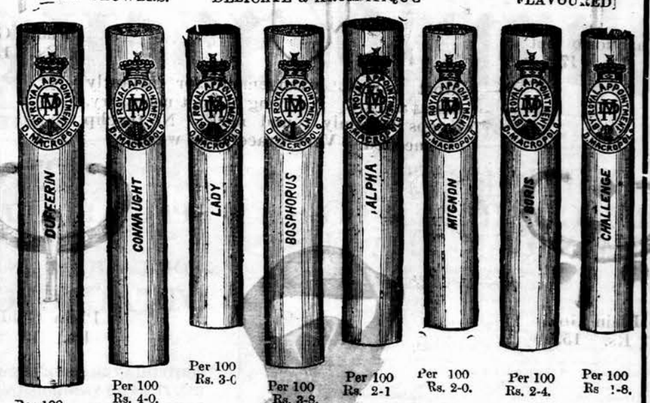

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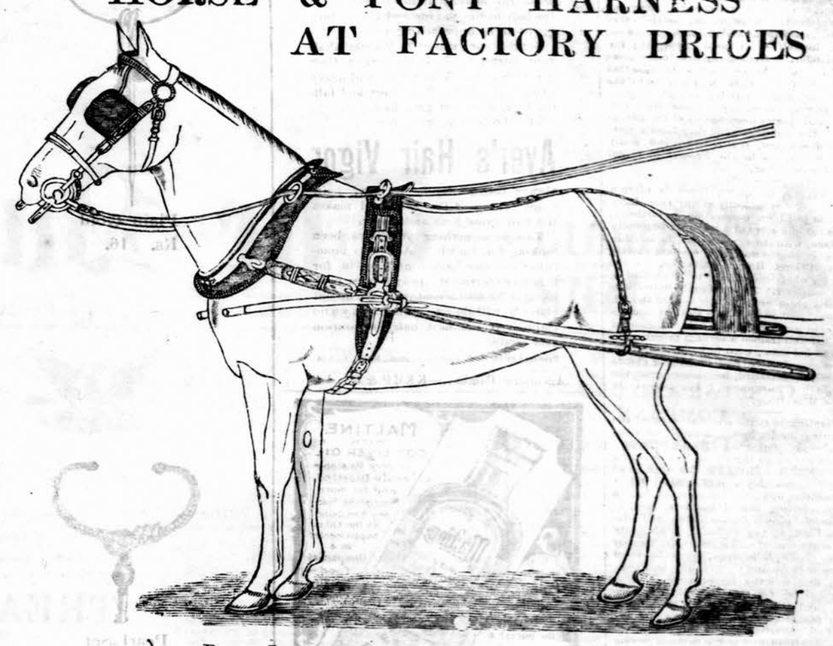

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